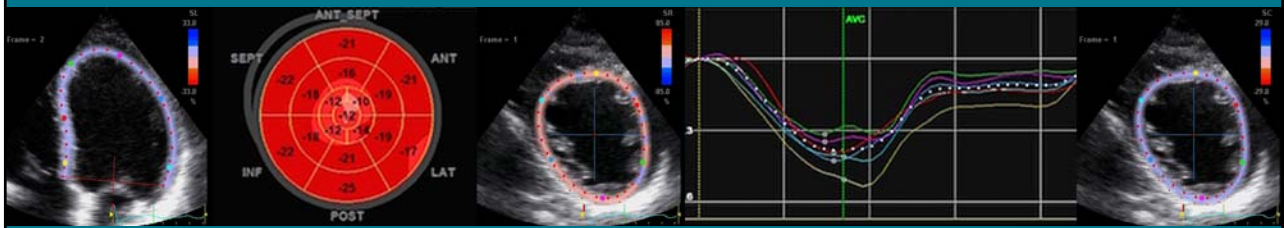


Beginner's Guide to Strain: What should be in your lab in 2018

Bonita Anderson
DMU (Cardiac), MAppSc (Med Ultrasound), ACS, AMS, FASE



Disclosures

- None

Strain Imaging*

Quantitative

Magnitude

Direction

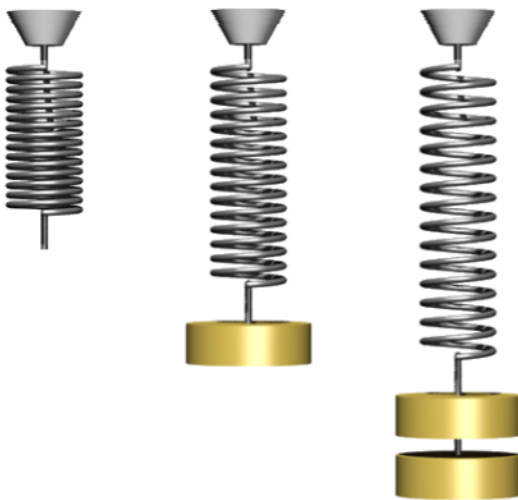
Degree of myocardial deformation

Cardiac axes of myocardial motion

* AKA: speckle tracking echocardiography (STE), 2D strain, myocardial deformation, or cardiac mechanics

ECHO
HAWAII

Strain \approx Deformation



Strain =
Deformation
resulting from
applied force

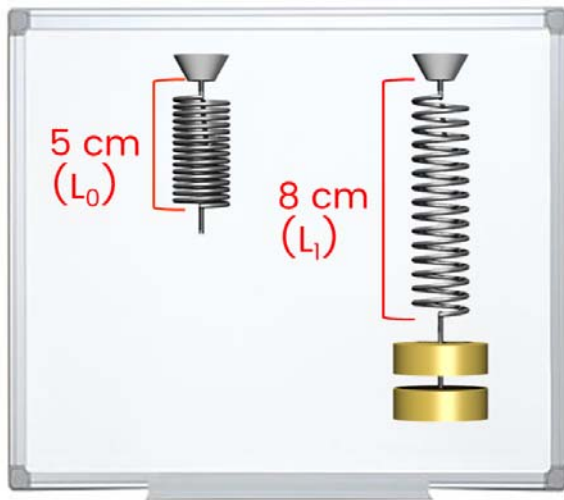
ECHO
HAWAII

Calculation of Strain

$$\text{Strain} = \frac{L_1 - L_0}{L_0} \times 100$$

L_1 = length at a given point in time
 L_0 = baseline length

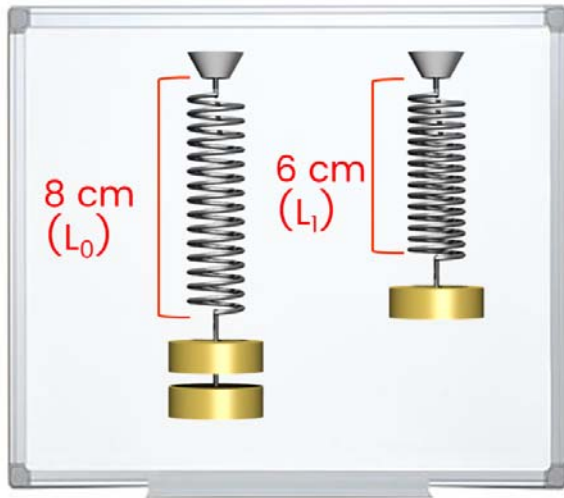
Strain can be Positive



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Strain} &= \frac{L_1 - L_0}{L_0} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{8 - 5}{5} \times 100 \\ &= +60\% \end{aligned}$$

L_1 = length at a given point in time
 L_0 = baseline length

Strain can be Negative

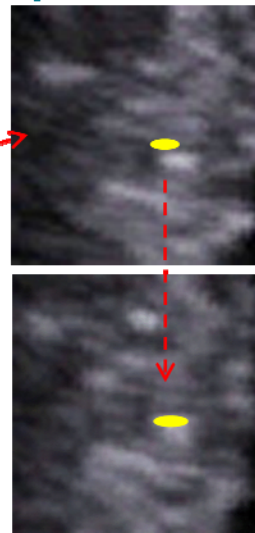
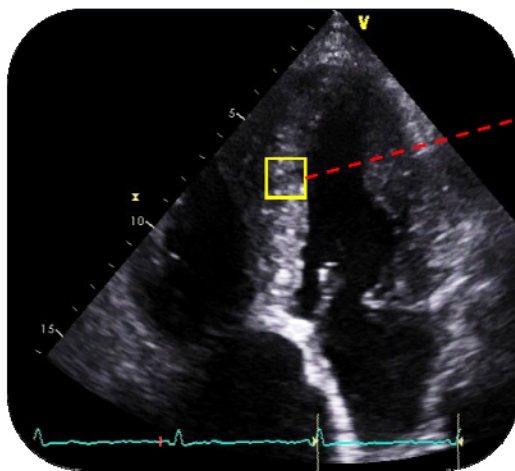


$$\begin{aligned}\text{Strain} &= \frac{L_1 - L_0}{L_0} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{6 - 8}{8} \times 100 \\ &= -25\%\end{aligned}$$

L_1 = length at a given point in time
 L_0 = baseline length

2D Strain Principles

Unique acoustic speckles



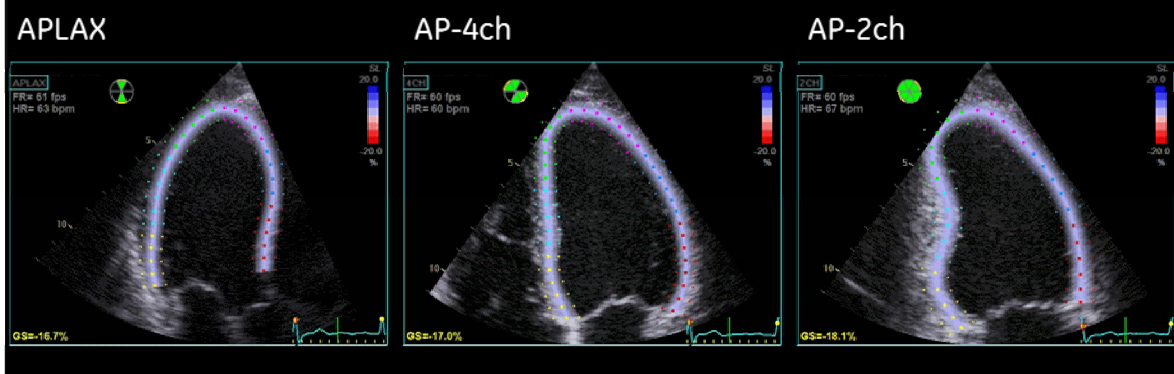
Direction of Motion

Direction	Longitudinal	Radial	Circumferential
Systole (Diastole)	Shortening = -ve (Lengthening = +ve)	Thickening = +ve (Thinning = -ve)	Shortening = -ve (Lengthening = +ve)

ECHO
HAWAII

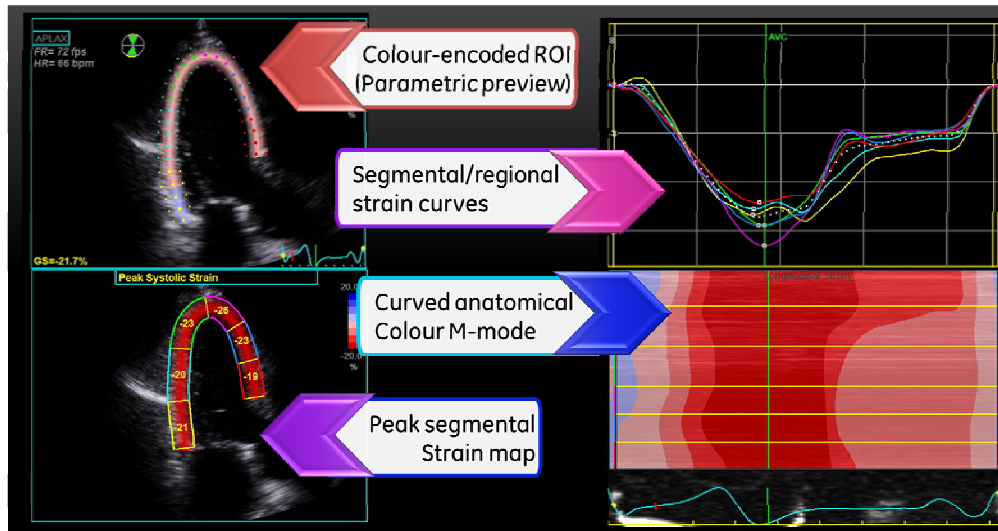
Most Common Clinical Application

Global Longitudinal Strain (GLS) of LV

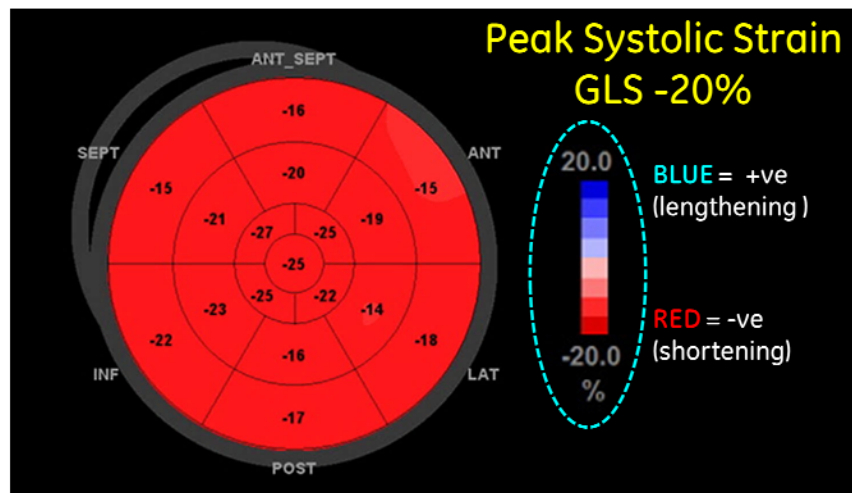


ECHO
HAWAII

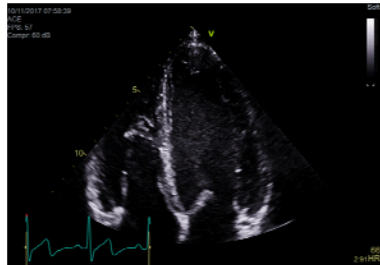
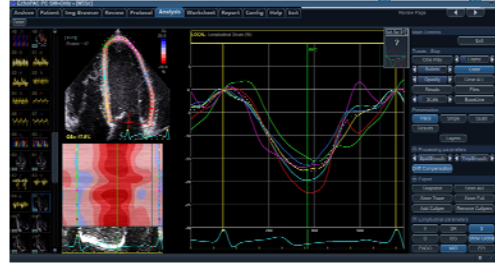
Display of GLS (Quad Format)



Display of GLS (Bull's Eye Plot)



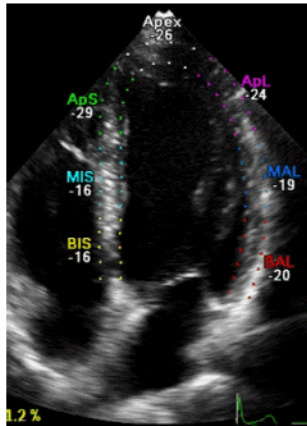
Requirements for Strain Imaging



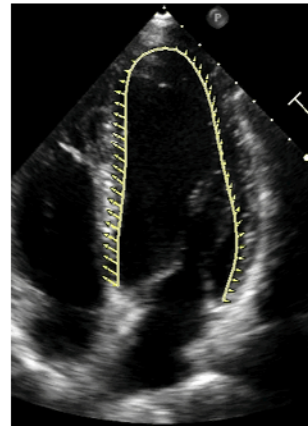
Caveat #1: Variability

Same image

Software 1; GLS 21.2%



Software 2; GLS 16.7%



Images courtesy Prof Jens-Uwe Voigt, University Hospital Gasthuisberg, Catholic University Leuven, Belgium

Caveat #1: Variability

“

Because of intervendedor and intersoftware variability serial assessment of GLS in individual patients should be performed using the same vendor's equipment and the same software

Lang RM, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2015;28:1-39

Caveat #2: Normal Values

GLS

Supplemental Table 6 Normal LV strain values from meta-analysis and individual recent publications using specific vendors' equipment and software

vendor	Software	n	Mean	SD	LLN	Reference
Varying	Meta-analysis	2597	-19.7%		NA	26
GE	EchoPAC BT 12	247	-21.5%	2.0%	-18%	31
	EchoPAC BT 12	207	-21.2%	1.6%	-18%	*
	EchoPAC BT 12	131	-21.2%	2.4%	-17%	†
	EchoPAC 110.1.3	333	-21.3%	2.1%	-17%	32
Philips	QLAB 7.1	330	-18.9%	2.5%	-14%	32
Toshiba	Ultra Extend	337	-19.9%	2.4%	-15%	32
Siemens	VVI	116	-19.8	4.6	-11%	197
	VVI	82	-17.3	2.3	-13%	198
Esote	Mylab 50	30	-19.5	3.1	-13%	199

LLN, Lower limit of normal range.

*T. Kouznetsova and J. Staessen, Department of Cardiology, Catholic University Leuven, personal communication.

†P. Barbier, University Milano, personal communication.

Lang RM, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2015;28:1-39

Caveat #2: Normal Values

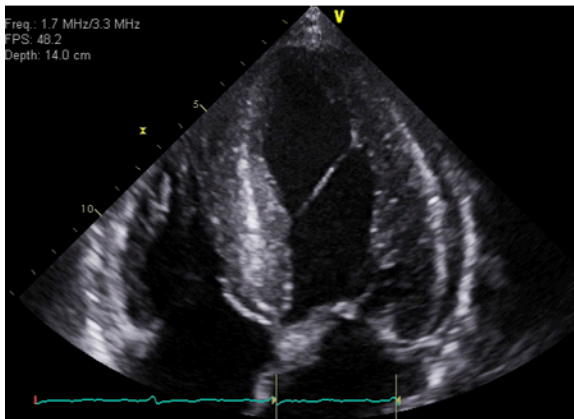
“

..... *peak GLS in the range of -20% can be expected in a healthy person, and the lower the absolute value of strain is below this value, the more likely it is to be abnormal*

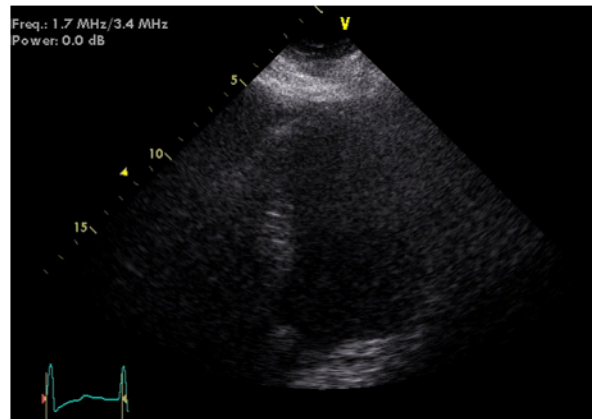
Lang RM, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2015;28:1-39

Caveat #3: Image Quality

Optimal for Strain



Suboptimal for Strain



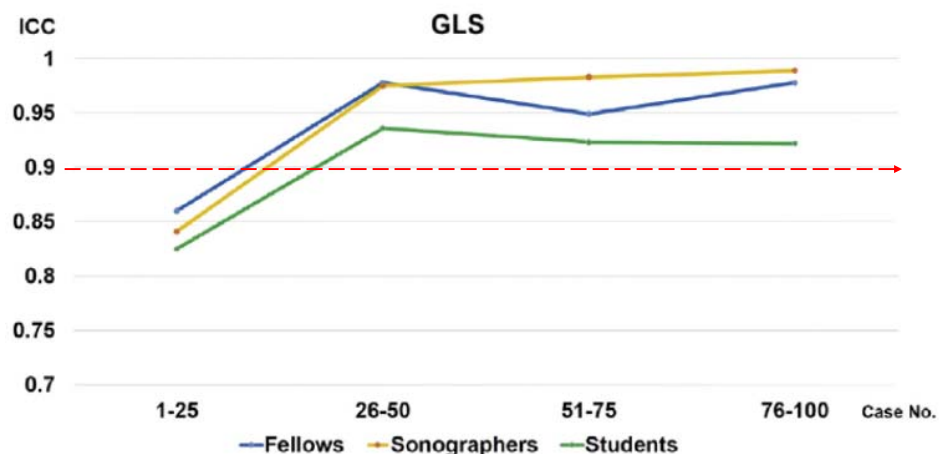
Caveat #3: Image Quality

“

When regional tracking is suboptimal in more than two myocardial segments in a single view, the calculation of GLS should be avoided

Lang RM, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2015;28:1-39

Caveat #4: Learning Curve



Chan J, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2017; 11:1081-1090

Caveat #4: Learning Curve

“

*There is a **significant learning curve** associated with LV strain analysis. We recommend a **minimum of 50 studies** for training to achieve competency in GLS analysis*

Chan J, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2017; 11:1081-1090

JACC: CARDIOVASCULAR IMAGING
© 2015 BY THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY FOUNDATION
PUBLISHED BY ELSEVIER INC.

VOL. 8, NO. 4, 2015
ISSN 1936-8786/ISSN 2688-3801
http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcm.2014.06.013

IMAGING VIGNETTE

Practical Guidance in Echocardiographic Assessment of Global Longitudinal Strain

Kazuaki Negishi, MD, PhD,* Tomoko Negishi, MD,* Koji Kurosawa, MD, PhD,† Krazimira Hristova, MD,‡ Bogdan A. Popescu, MD, PhD,§ Dragos Vinereanu, MD, PhD,|| Satoshi Yuda, MD, PhD,|| Thomas H. Marwick, MBBS, PhD, MPH†

FIGURE 1 Steps for Myocardial Strain Measurement

- Step 1: Acquisition/Selection of appropriate image(s)
- Step 2: Assessment of adequacy for strain measurement
- Step 3: Detection/markings of fiducial landmarks (annulus and apex)
- Step 4: Tracing of the endocardial border
- Step 5: Adjustment of ROI width (avoid the pericardium)
- Step 6: Evaluation of tracking quality
- Step 7: Repeat steps 5 and 6, until adequate tracking is achieved.

JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY
© 2015 BY THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY FOUNDATION
PUBLISHED BY ELSEVIER

VOL. 55, NO. 6, 2015
ISSN 0895-2875/ISSN 1879-2875
http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2015.12.012

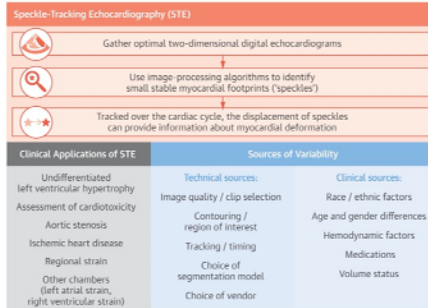
THE PRESENT AND FUTURE

REVIEW TOPIC OF THE WEEK

A Test in Context: Myocardial Strain Measured by Speckle-Tracking Echocardiography

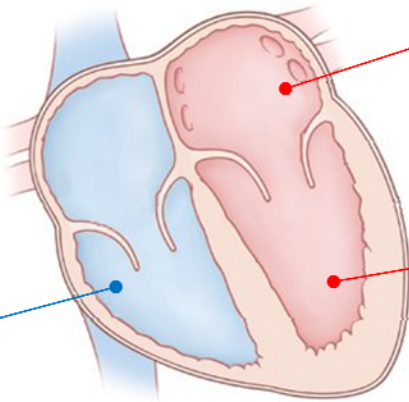
Patrick Collier, MD, PhD,† Dermot Phelan, MD, PhD, Allan Klein, MD

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Speckle-Tracking Strain: Clinical Utility and Future Directions

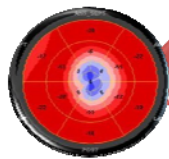


Collier, P. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2017;69(8):1043-56.

Clinical Applications

- 
- The diagram shows a cross-section of the heart with callouts to various clinical applications. A blue callout points to the right ventricle, and two red callouts point to the left atrium and left ventricle.
- PHTn
 - CHD
 - ARVD
 - Diastolic function
 - Atrial function
 - AF risk
 - Embolic risk in PAF
 - HF
 - CTRCD
 - Valve disease
 - LV "hypertrophy"
 - IHD/CAD
 - CRT
 - Diastolic function

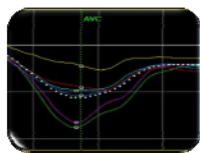
"Simplified" Clinical Applications



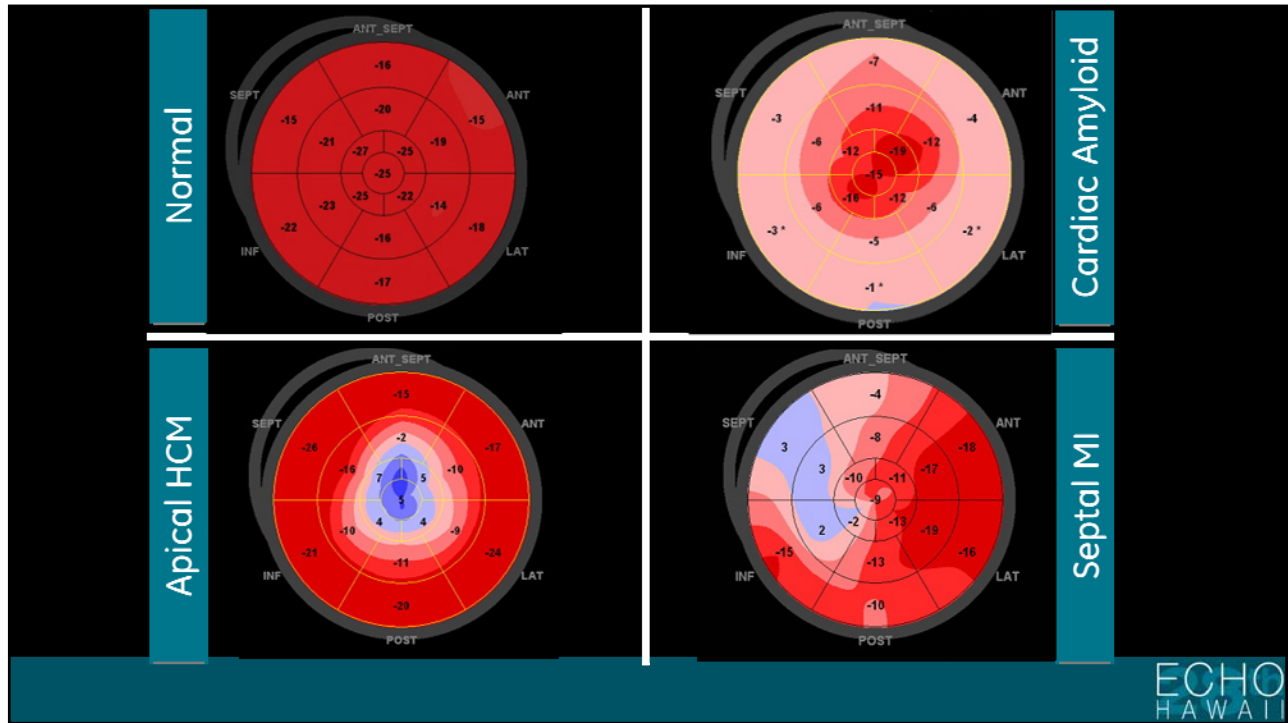
Pattern Recognition



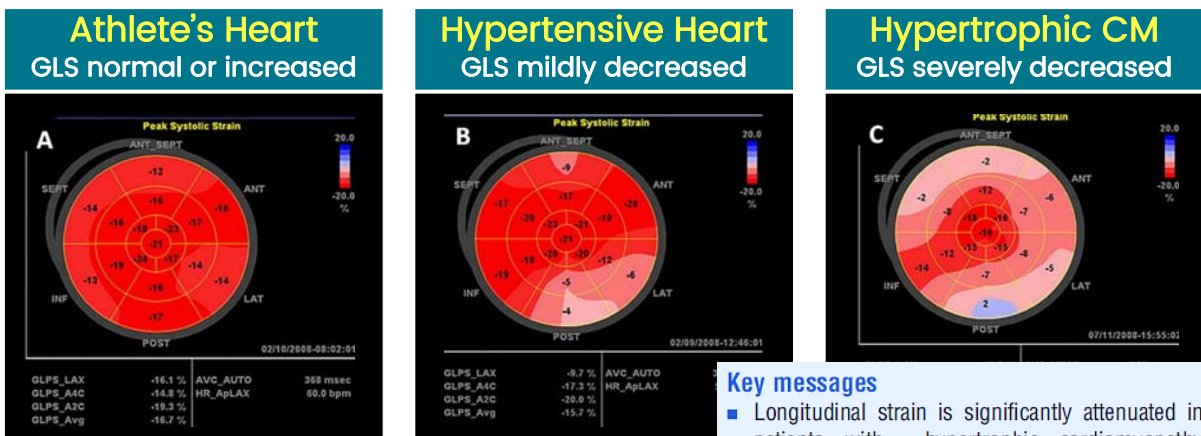
Subclinical Dysfunction



Regional variation



GLS Differentiates LVH Aetiology



- Key messages**
- Longitudinal strain is significantly attenuated in patients with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) compared with other variant forms of left ventricular hypertrophy (LVH).

Afonso L, Abraham TP. BMJ Open 2012;2:e001390

GLS in CTRCD*

EXPERT CONSENSUS STATEMENT



Expert Consensus for Multimodality Imaging Evaluation of Adult Patients during and after Cancer Therapy: A Report from the American Society of Echocardiography and the European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging

Juan Carlos Plana, MD, FASE, Chair, Maurizio Galderisi, MD, FESC, Co-Chair, Ana Barac, MD, PhD, Michael S. Ewer, MD, JD, Bonnie Ky, MD, FASE, Marielle Scherrer-Crosbie, MD, PhD, FASE, Javier Ganame, MD, PhD, FASE, Igal A. Sebag, MD, FASE, Deborah A. Agler, RCT, RDCC, FASE, Luigi P. Badano, MD, PhD, FESC, Jose Banchs, MD, FASE, Daniela Cardinale, MD, PhD, FESC, Joseph Carver, MD, Manuel Cerqueira, MD, Jeanne M. DeCara, MD, FASE, Thor Edvardsen, MD, PhD, FESC, Scott D. Flamm, MD, MBA, Thomas Force, MD, Brian P. Griffin, MD, Guy Jerusalem, MD, PhD, Jennifer E. Liu, MD, FASE, Andreia Magalhães, MD, Thomas Marwick, MBBS, PhD, MPH, Liza Y. Sanchez, RGS, FASE, Ross Sicari, MD, PhD, FESC, Hector R. Villaraga, MD, FASE, and Patrizio Lancellotti, MD, PhD, FESC, *Cleveland, Ohio; Naples, Padua, Milan, and Pisa, Italy; Washington, District of Columbia; Houston, Texas; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Boston, Massachusetts; Hamilton, Ontario and Montreal, Quebec, Canada; Chicago, Illinois; Oslo, Norway; Liège, Belgium; New York, New York; Lisbon, Portugal; Hobart, Australia; Rochester, Minnesota*

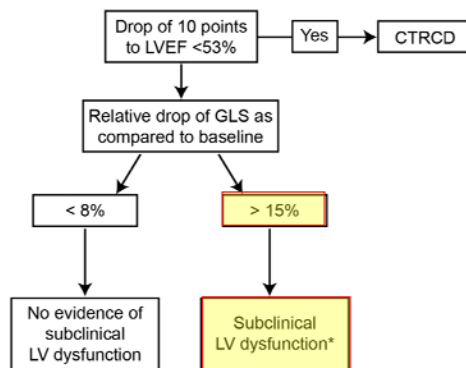
[\(J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2014;27:911-39\)](#)

Keywords: Chemotherapy, Doxorubicin, Trastuzumab, Left ventricular dysfunction, Three-dimensional echocardiography, Early detection, Strain, Biomarkers

* Cancer Therapeutics-Related Cardiac Dysfunction

ECHO
HAWAII

GLS Detects Early Subclinical Myocardial Dysfunction before LVEF



a relative % reduction in the GLS of **> 15% from baseline** identifies subclinical LV dysfunction

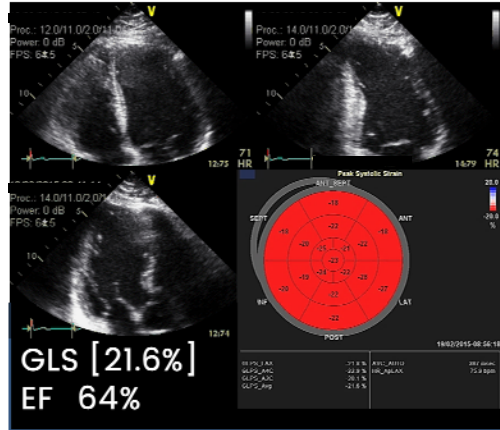
* The data supporting the initiation of cardioprotection for the treatment of subclinical LV dysfunction is limited.

Plana JC, et al. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2014;27:911-39

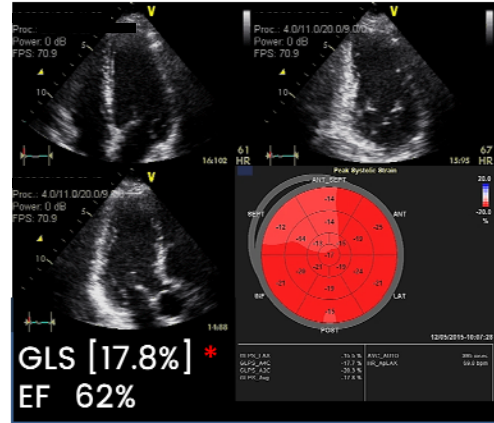
ECHO
HAWAII

Case Example

Baseline



3 Months Tratzusamab



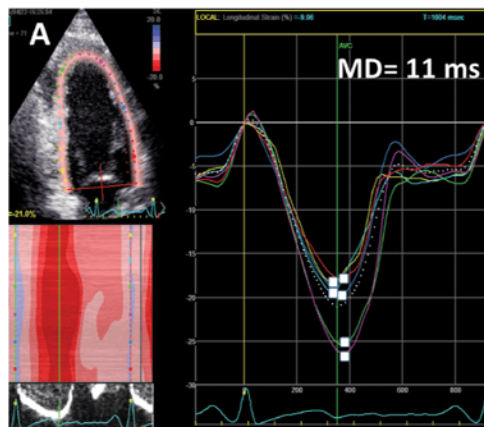
* Clinically significant > 15%

Images courtesy Ada Lo, Royal Brisbane & Women's Hospital

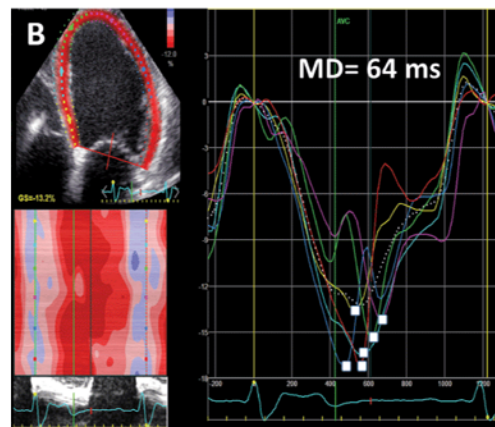
ECHO
HAWAII

Regional Variation or Mechanical Dispersion*

Normal



Abnormal

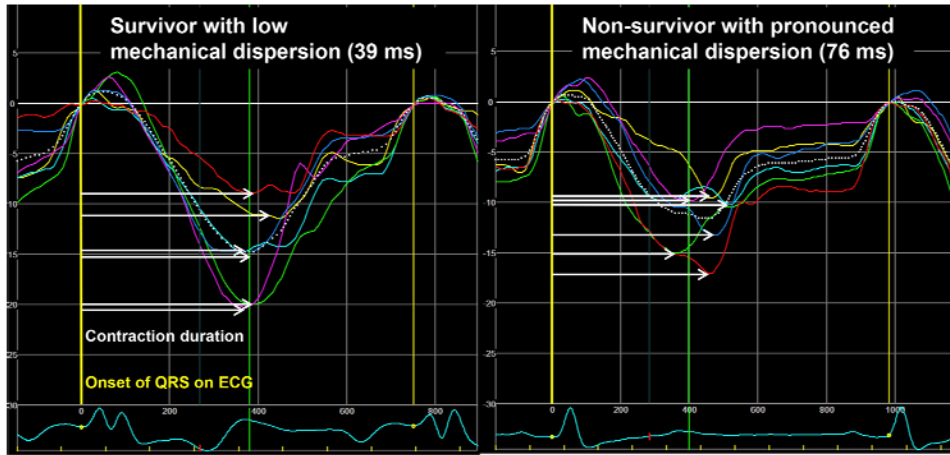


* Mechanical dispersion (MD) = standard deviation of time from ECG Q/R to peak strain

Mirea O, Duchenne J and Volgt JU. F1000Research 2016, 5:787

ECHO
HAWAII

Mechanical Dispersion in Aortic Stenosis



Klaeboe, LG, J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2017 30, 727-735

ECHO
HAWAII

Summary #1

Strain measures myocardial deformation

Most common clinical application is GLS [LV]

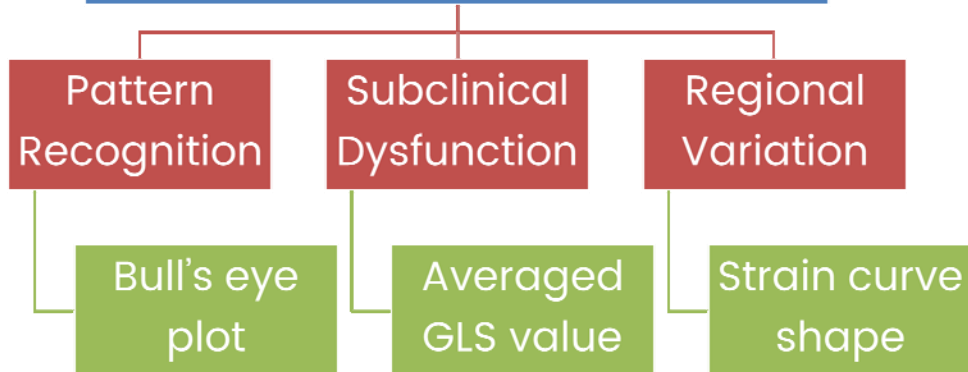
Normal GLS [LV] >20%

Fastidious attention to detail + learning curve

ECHO
HAWAII

Summary #2

Simplified Clinical Applications



Summary #3



LVH
Heart Failure
Cardiotoxicity
Aortic stenosis
IHD



Diastolic function
Regional variation
RV strain
LA strain

References & Further Reading

- Anderson B. Chapter 14: Doppler Assessment of Ventricular Systolic Function. Pages: 287-294. In **Echocardiography: The Normal Examination and Echocardiographic Measurements**. 3rd edition. Echotext, Australia. 2017.
- Blessberger H, Binder T. NON-invasive imaging: **Two dimensional speckle tracking echocardiography: basic principles**. Heart. 2010 May;96(9):716-22
- Blessberger H, Binder T. **Two dimensional speckle tracking echocardiography: clinical applications**. Heart. 2010 Dec;96(24):2032-40.
- Chan J-et al. **Left Ventricular Global Strain Analysis by Two-Dimensional Speckle-Tracking Echocardiography: The Learning Curve**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2017 Nov;30(11):1081-1090.
- Collier P, Phelan D, Klein A. **A Test in Context: Myocardial Strain Measured by Speckle-Tracking Echocardiography**. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2017 Feb 28;69(8):1043-1056
- Farsalinos KE, Daraban AM, Ünlü S, Thomas JD, Badano LP, Voigt JU. **Head-to-Head Comparison of Global Longitudinal Strain Measurements among Nine Different Vendors: The EACVI/ASE Inter-Vendor Comparison Study**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2015 Oct;28(10):1171-1181, e2
- Lang RM, et al. **Recommendations for cardiac chamber quantification by echocardiography in adults: an update from the American Society of Echocardiography and the European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2015;28:1-39

ECHO
HAWAII

References & Further Reading

- Mirea O, Duchenne J, Voigt JU. **Recent advances in echocardiography: strain and strain rate imaging**. F1000Res. 2016 Apr 29;5. pii: F1000 Faculty Rev-787.
- Mor-Avi V, et al. **Current and evolving echocardiographic techniques for the quantitative evaluation of cardiac mechanics: ASE/EAE consensus statement on methodology and indications endorsed by the Japanese Society of Echocardiography**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2011 Mar;24(3):277-313
- Negishi K, et al. **Practical guidance in echocardiographic assessment of global longitudinal strain**. JACC Cardiovasc Imaging. 2015 Apr;8(4):489-492
- Plana JC, et al. **Expert consensus for multimodality imaging evaluation of adult patients during and after cancer therapy: a report from the American Society of Echocardiography and the European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2014 Sep;27(9):911-39
- Voigt JU, et al. **Definitions for a common standard for 2D speckle tracking echocardiography: consensus document of the EACVI/ASE/Industry Task Force to standardize deformation imaging**. Eur Heart J Cardiovasc Imaging. 2015 Jan;16(1):1-11
- Yamada A, et al. **Reproducibility of regional and global longitudinal strains derived from two-dimensional speckle-tracking and doppler tissue imaging between expert and novice readers during quantitative dobutamine stress echocardiography**. J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2014 Aug;27(8):880-7.
- **EACVI free webinar: How and why to measure LV myocardial strain:**
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ipmZXGF9HT4&feature=youtu.be>

ECHO
HAWAII