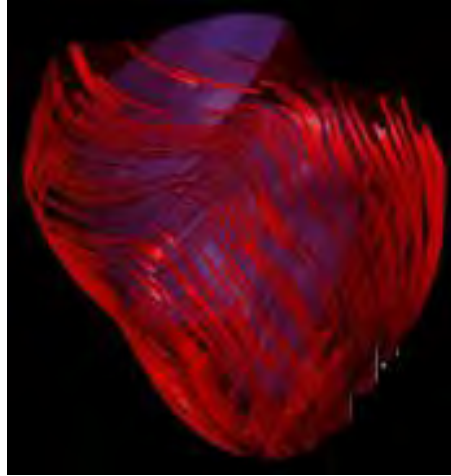


Physiology of Systole: What are We Really Trying to Measure?



Jonathan R. Lindner, MD, FASE, FACC
M. Lowell Edwards Professor of Cardiology
Oregon Health & Science University

Research Support/Disclosures:

NIH: R01-HL078610, R01-HL130036, P51-OD011092, R01-135024

NASA: 18-18HCFBP_1_009

GE Healthcare, Lantheus, Philips

General Ideas on Squeeze and Pump

Left Ventricle

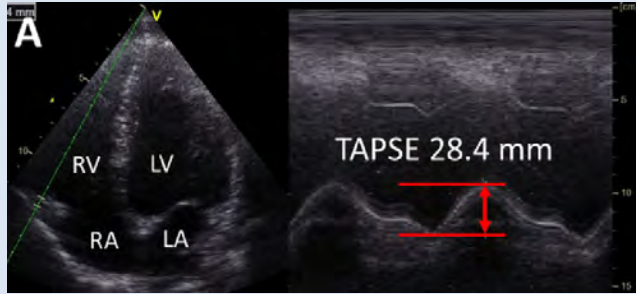


Right Ventricle

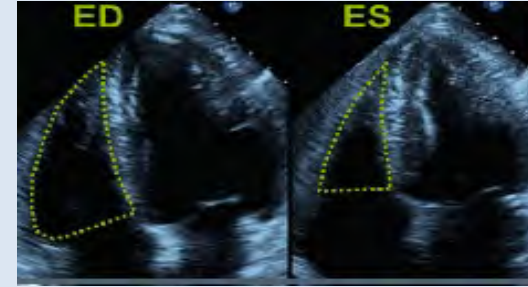


Imaging RV Function

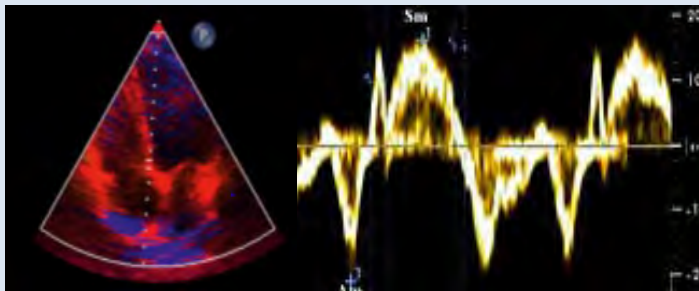
TAPSE



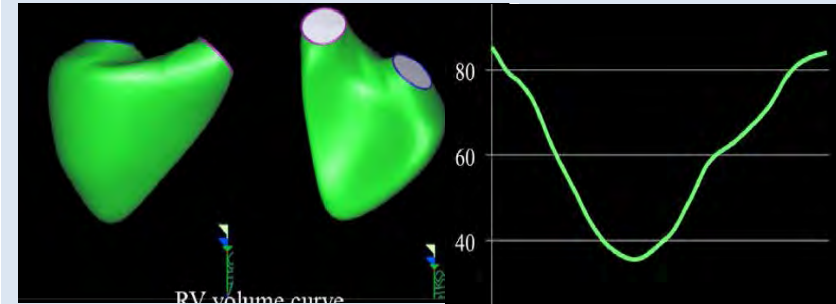
Fractional Area Change



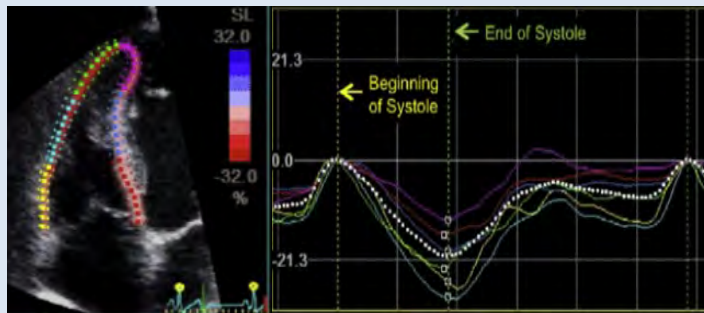
Systolic Velocity



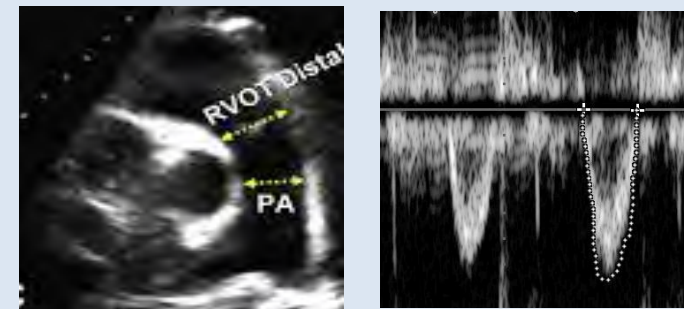
3D RVEF



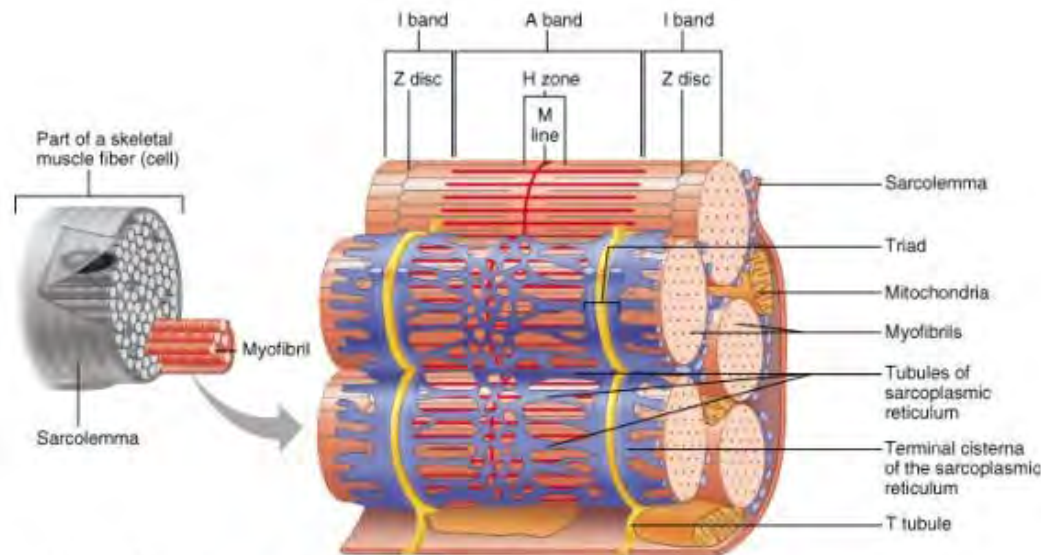
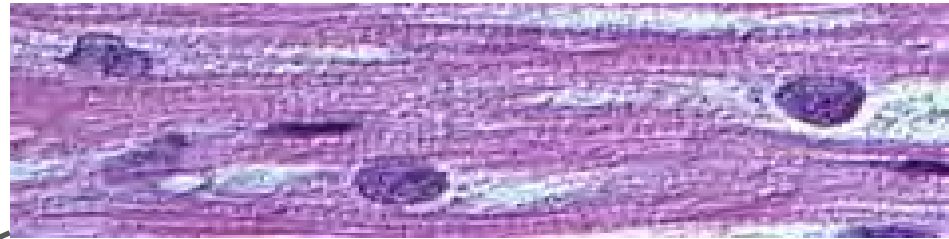
RV Strain



Stroke Volume



The Cardiomyocyte and LV Function



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Dynamic Morphometrics

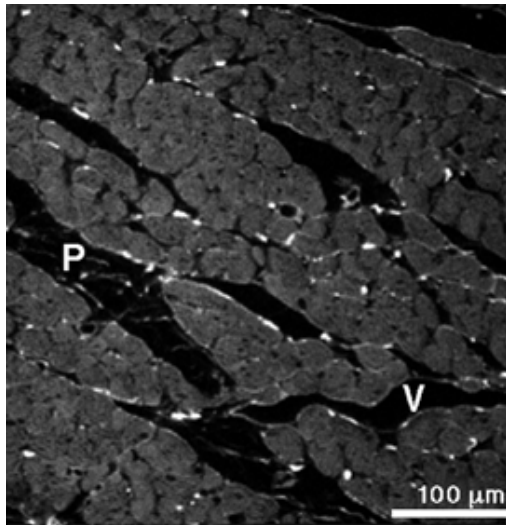
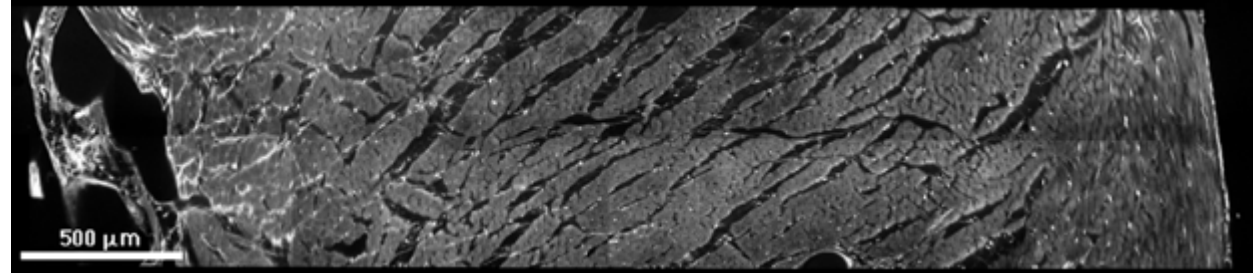
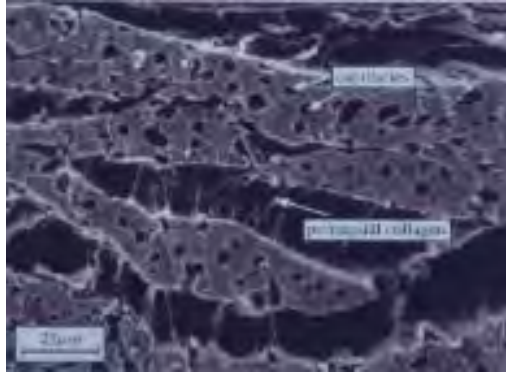
Myocyte shortening: 15%

Myocyte thickening: 8%

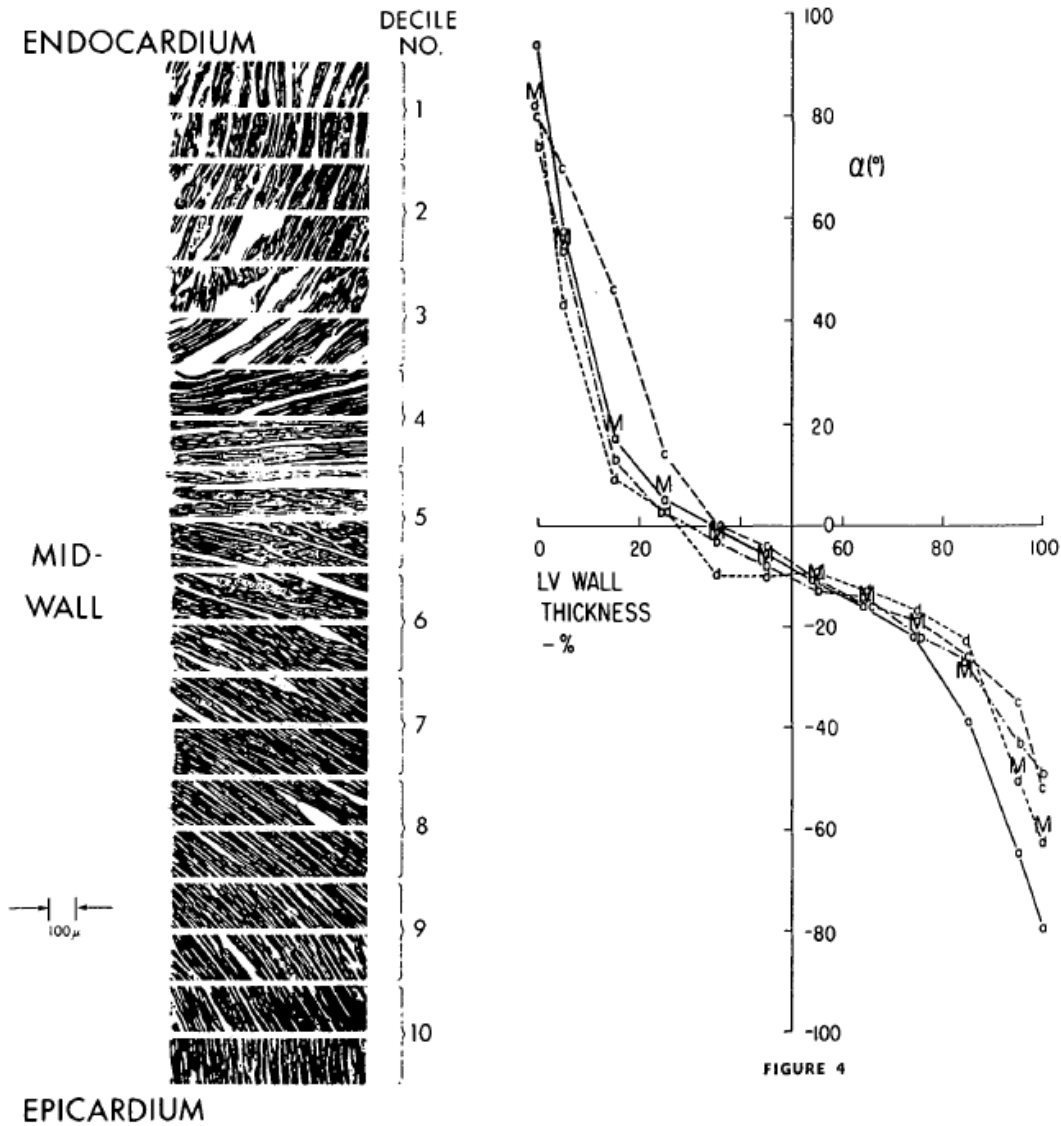
Wall thickening: 40%

Ejection Fraction: 60-70%

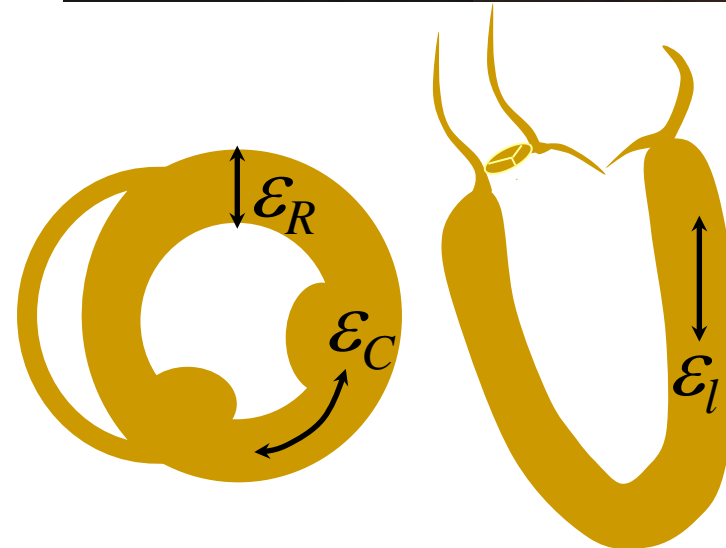
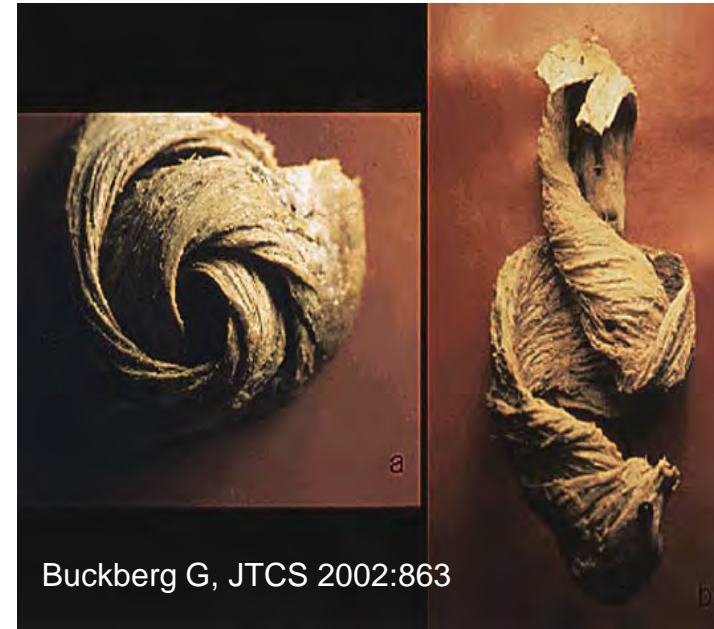
Myocardial Sheet Composition



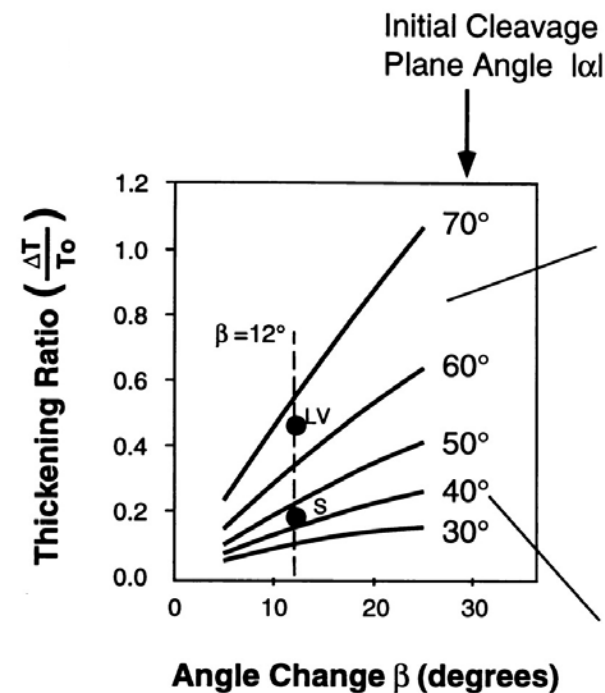
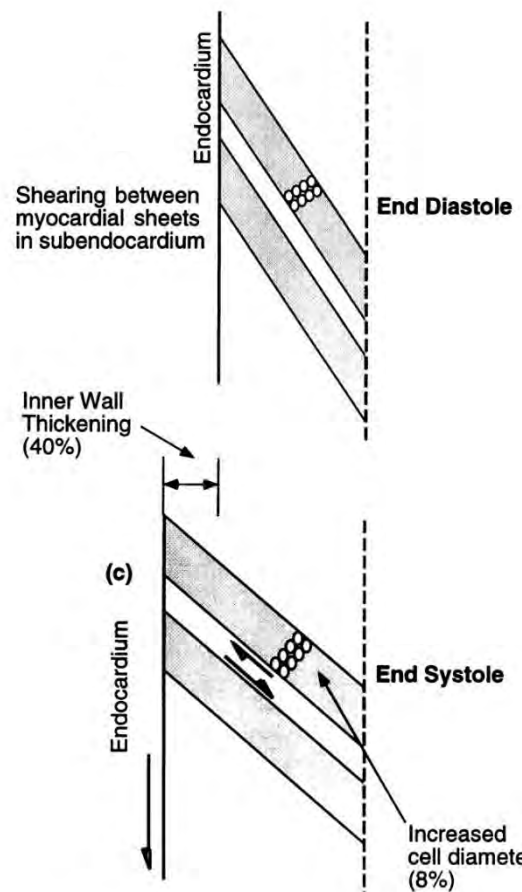
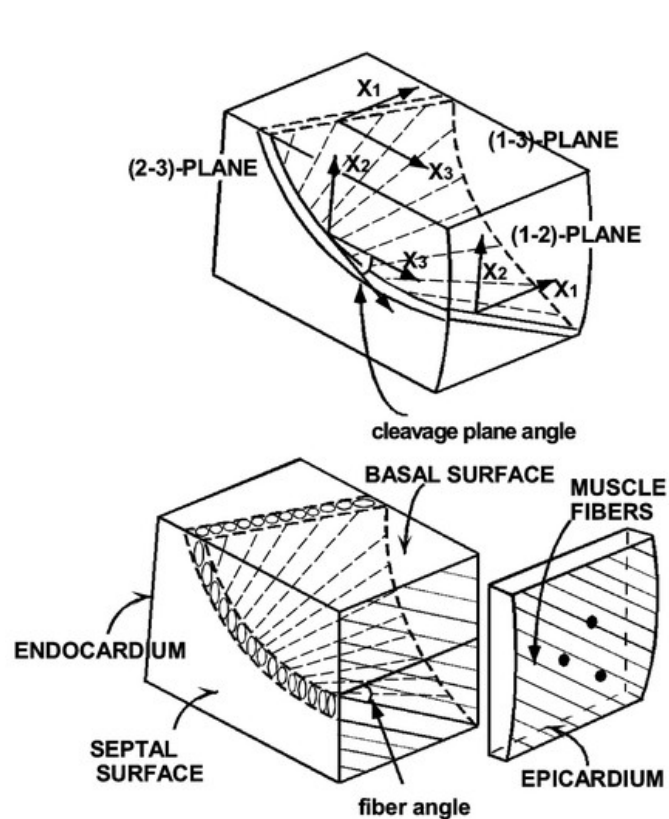
Fiber Orientation and Strain



Streeter DD, et al. Circ Res 1969;24:339



Sheet Thickening and Interlaminar Shear



$$\frac{\Delta T}{T_0} = \frac{\cos (|\alpha| - |\beta|)}{\cos (|\alpha|)} - 1$$

Imaging Assessment of the Periodic Pump

Muscle Squeeze

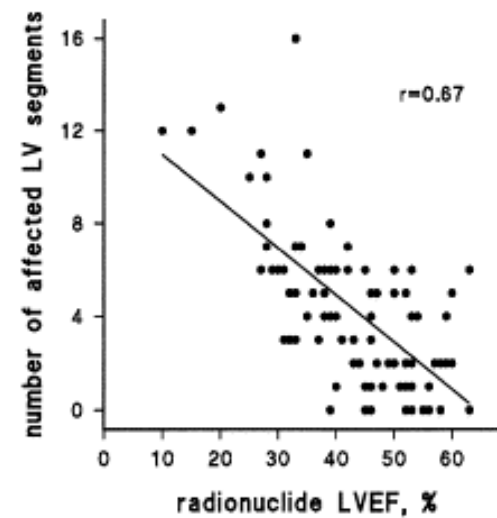
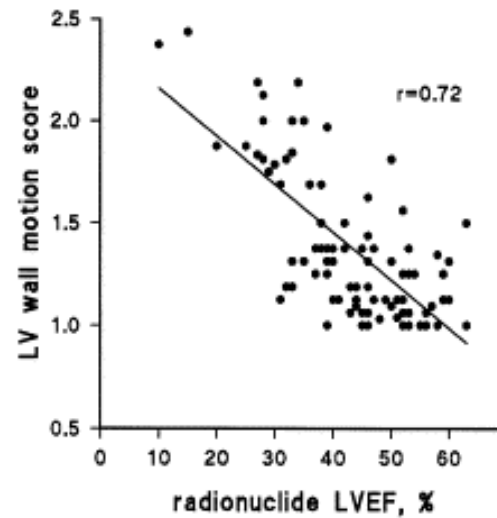
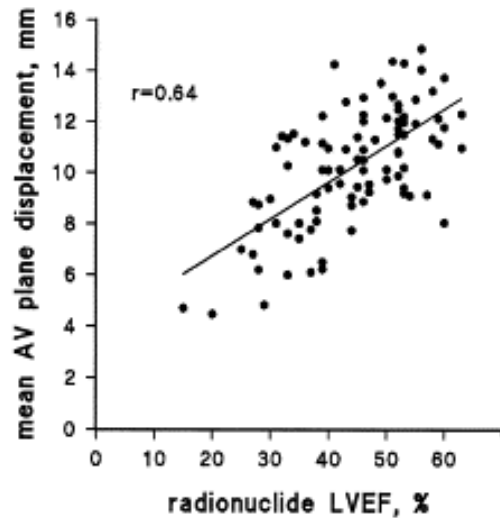
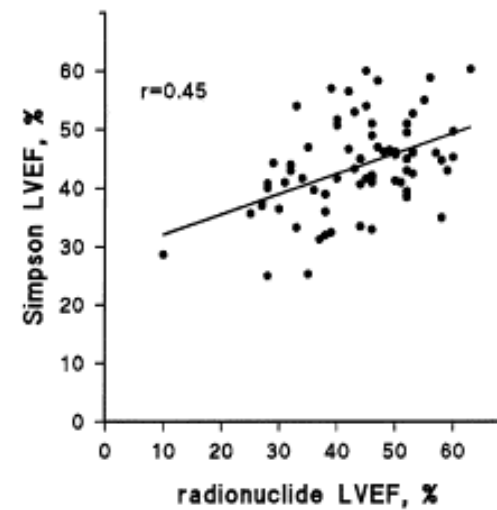
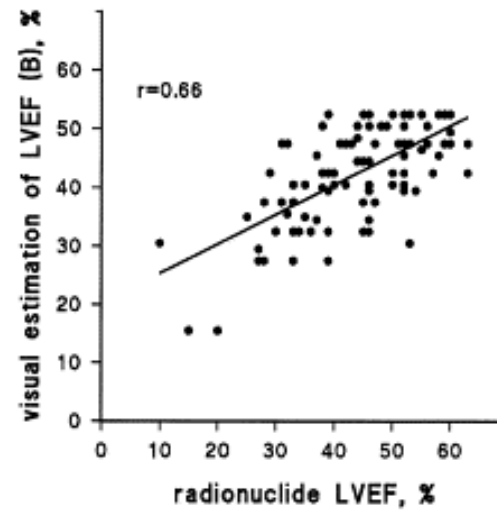
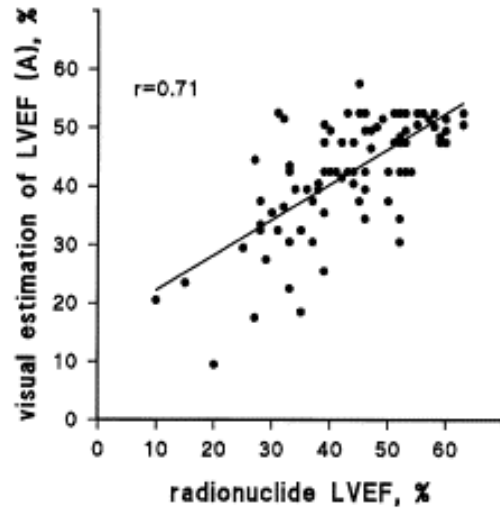
dp/dt
Tissue Doppler
VCF
Strain
Strain rate
Isovolumic acceleration
Torsion
Twist

Volume

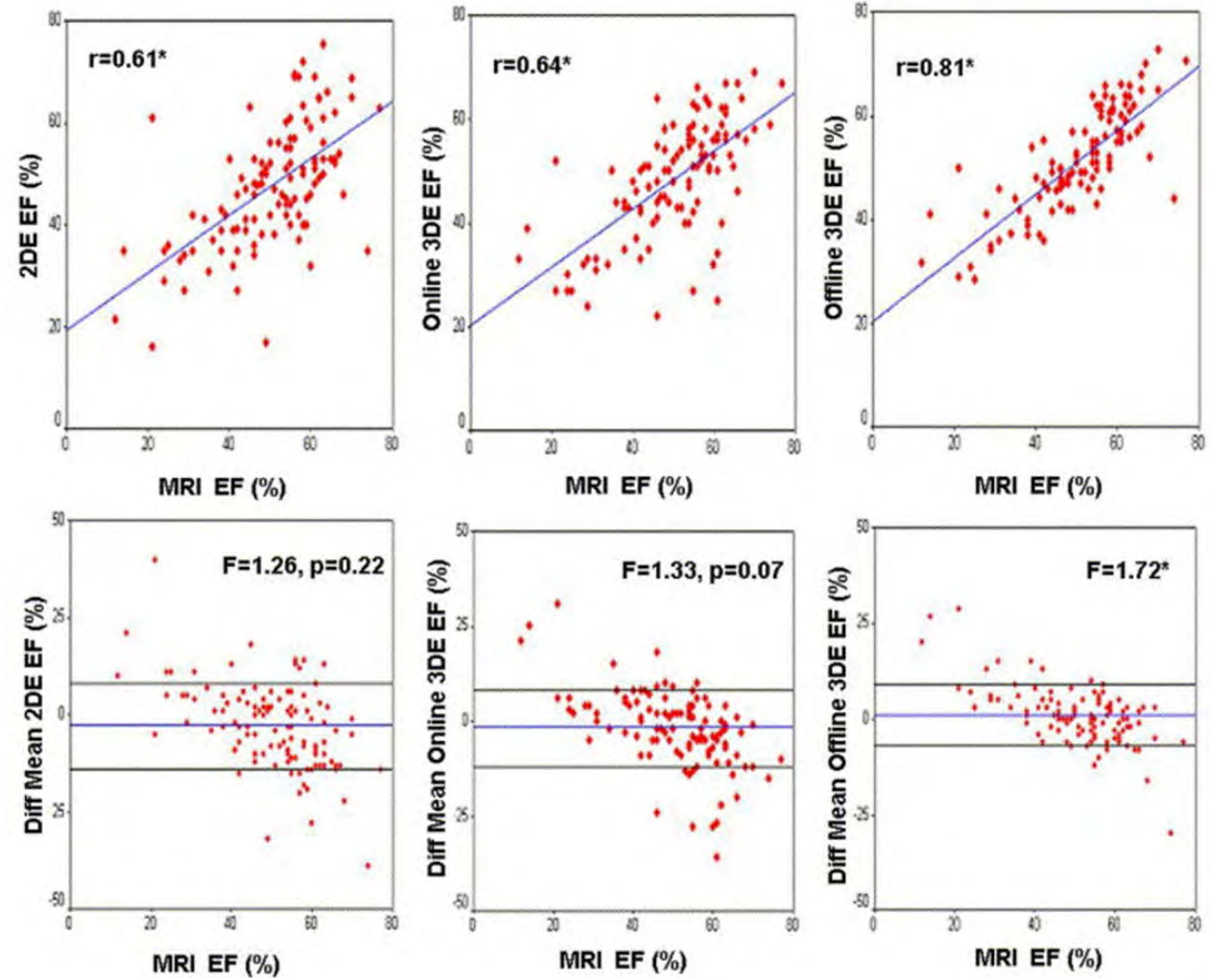
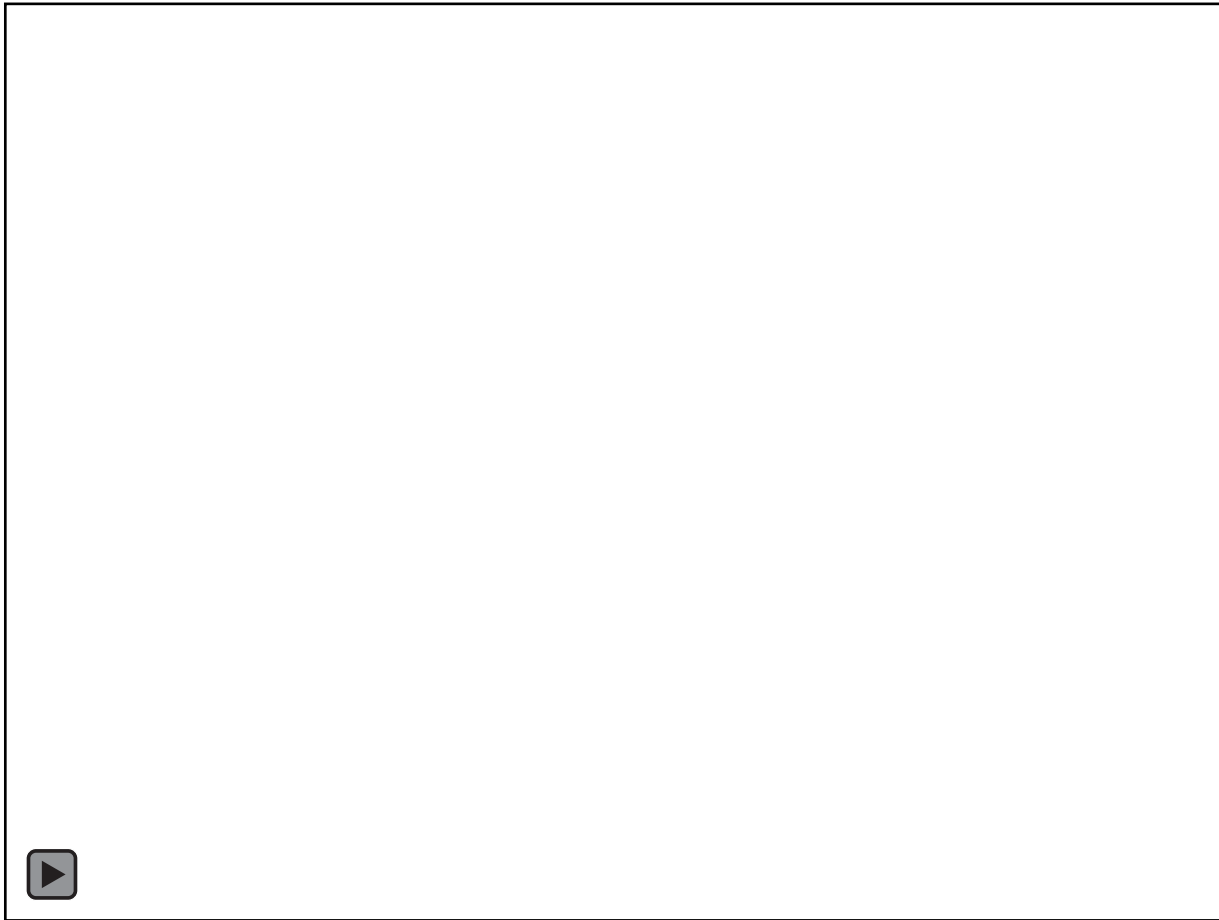
LVEF
Shortening Fraction
Stroke volume
Stroke work
(ESV-ESP relation)

“Myocardial work”

LVEF: A messy business



3D LVEF: Even More Messy?

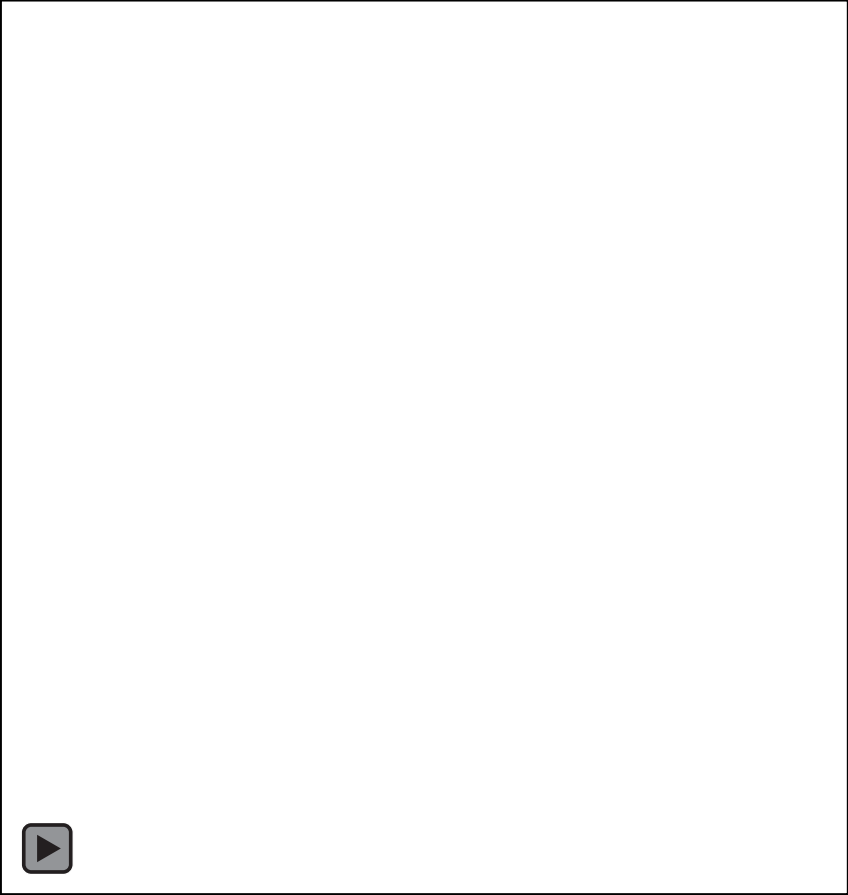


UEAs, LV Volumes, and LVEF

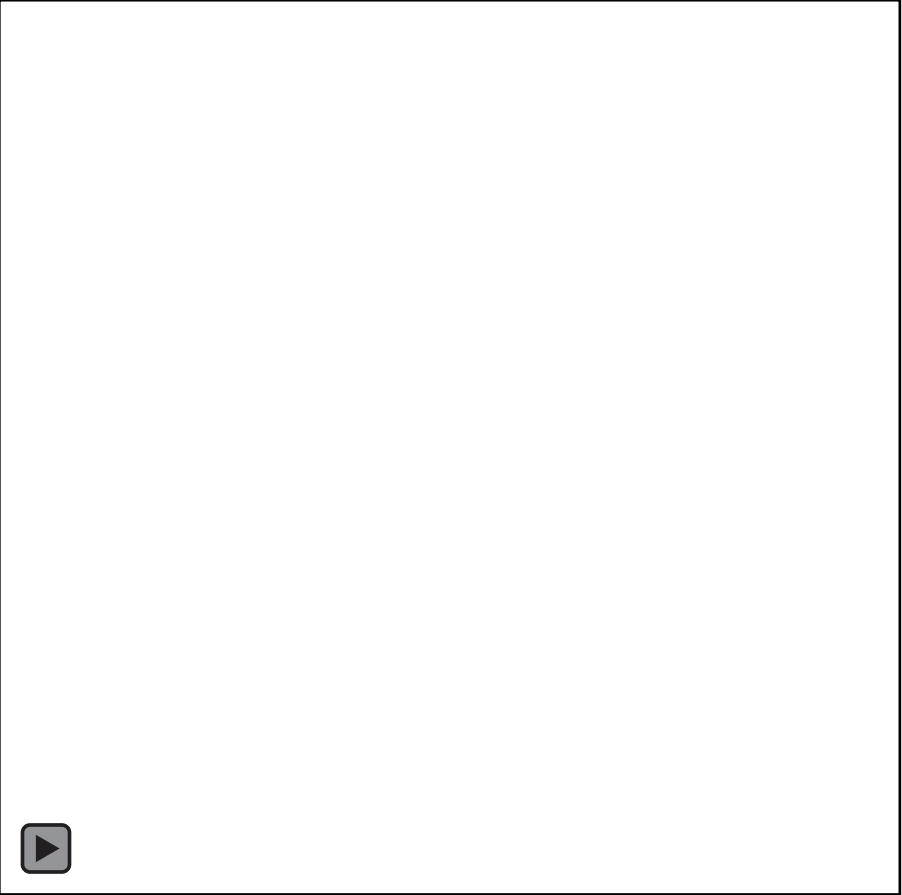


Speckle-tracking Strain Echocardiography

Strain

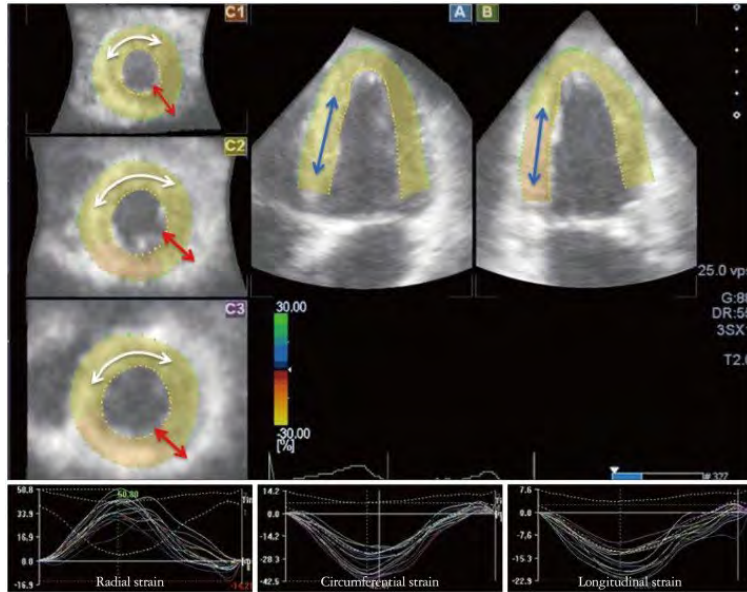


Strain Rate

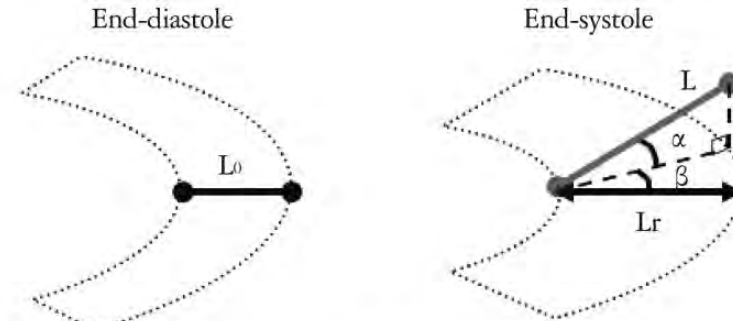


Advanced Strain

Component Strain (Lagrangian)



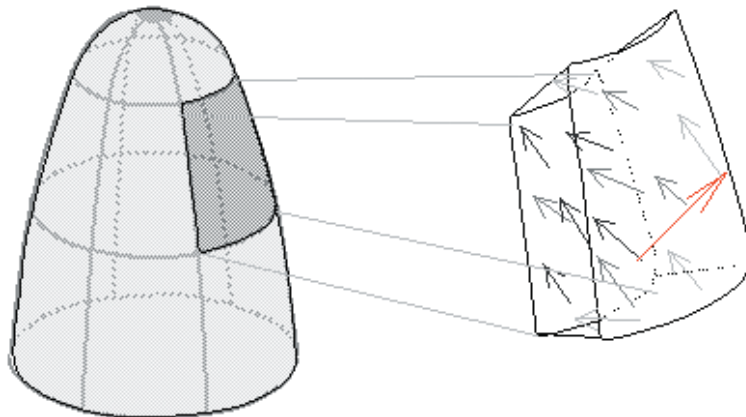
Shear Strain



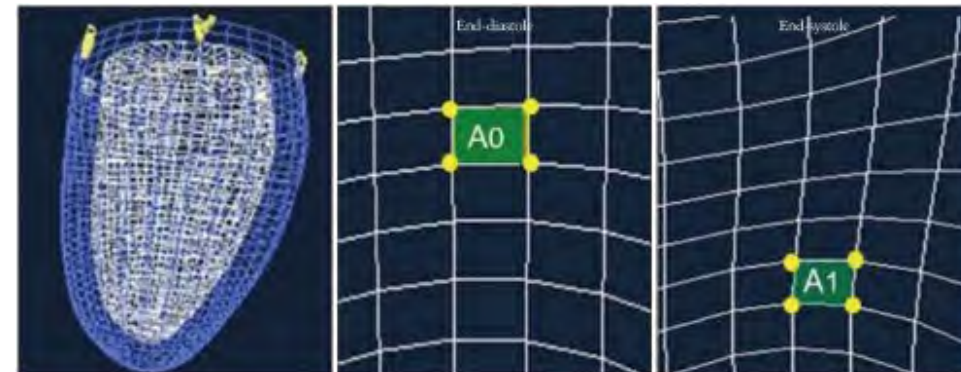
$$\text{Radial strain} = \frac{(L_r - L_0)}{L_0} \times 100 (\%)$$

$$\text{3D strain} = \frac{(L - L_0)}{L_0} \times 100 (\%)$$

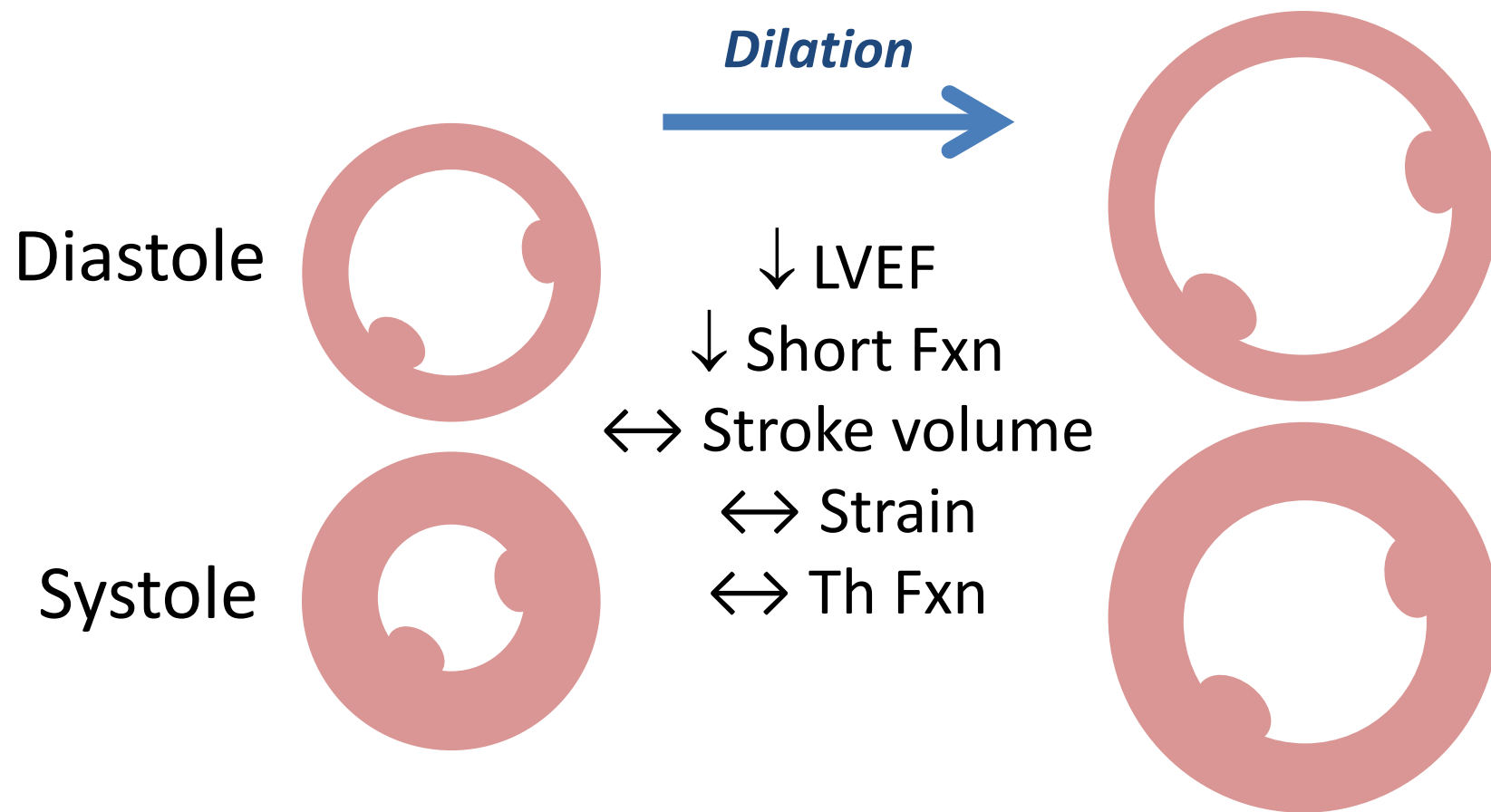
Principal



Area Strain

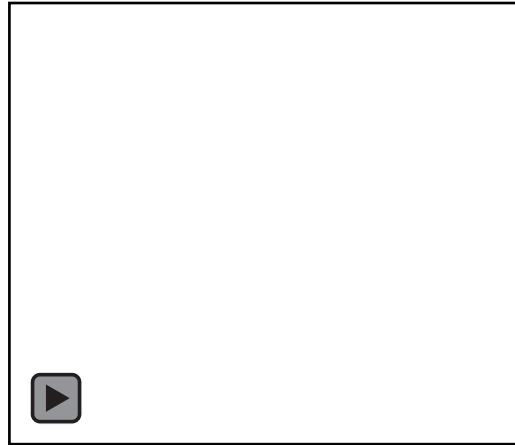
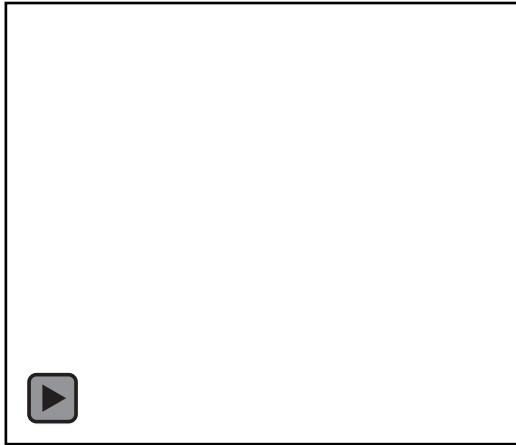


Expect Incongruent Data with Echo Data



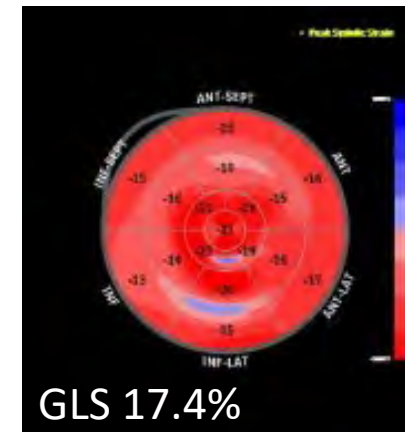
Concentric Remodeling

Normal



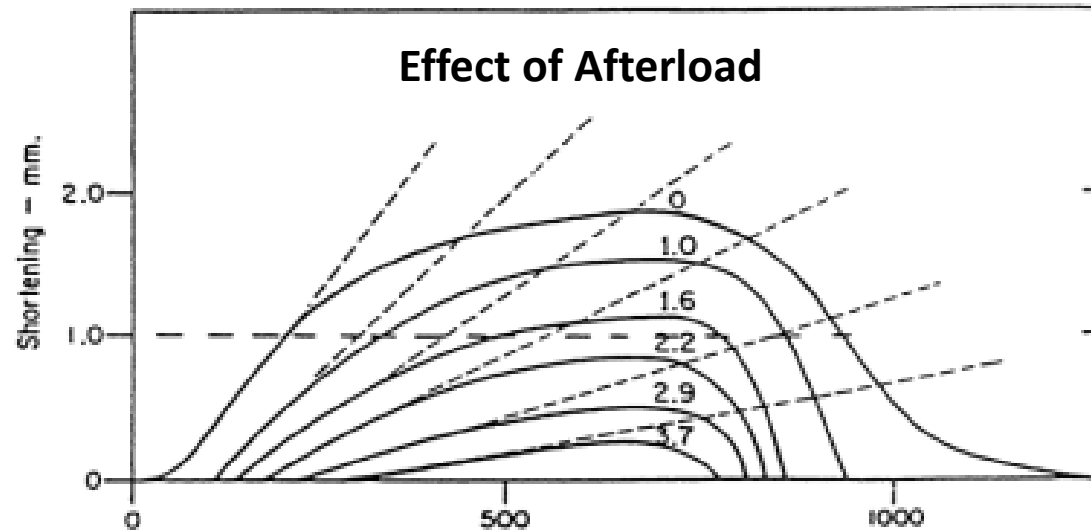
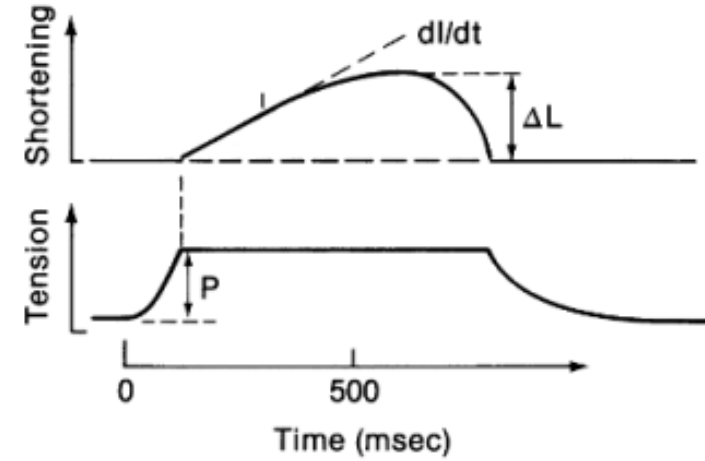
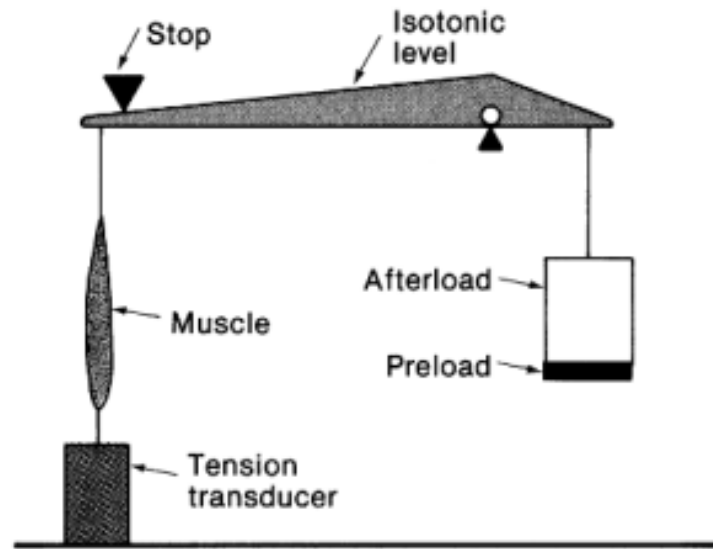
LVEF 66%
SV=81 mL

Concentrically remodeled

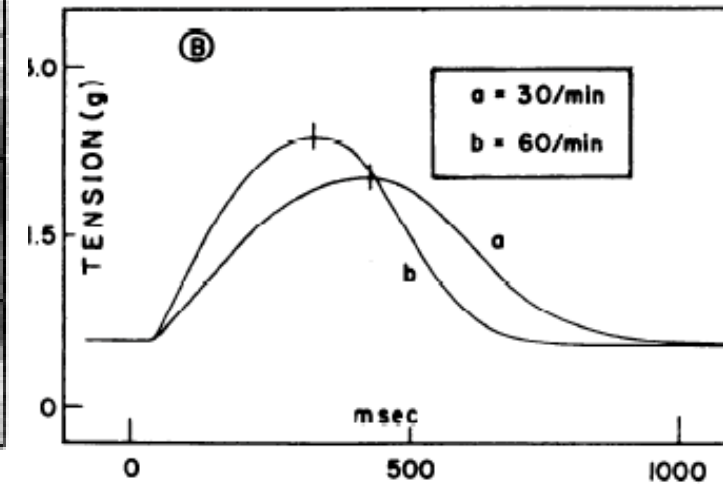


LVEF 69%
SV =51 mL

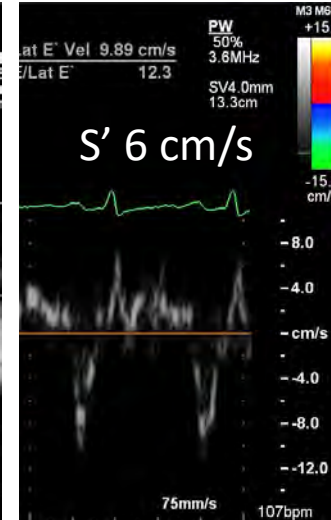
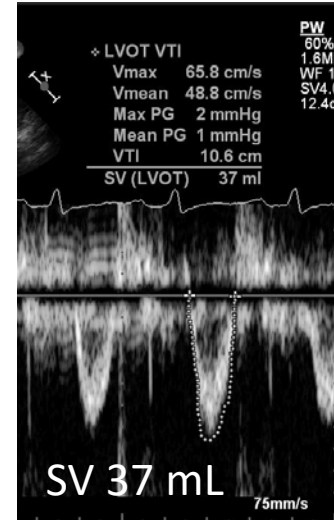
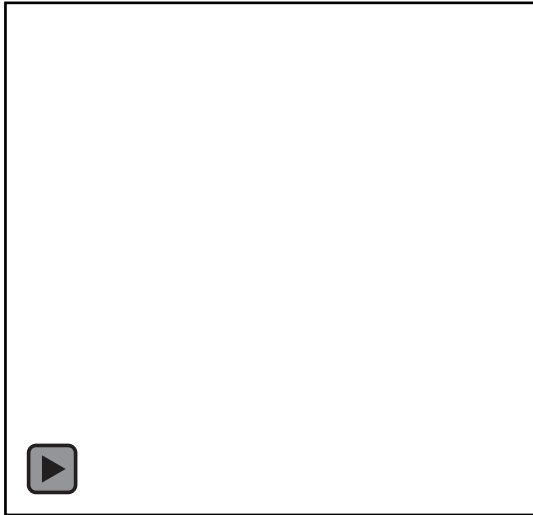
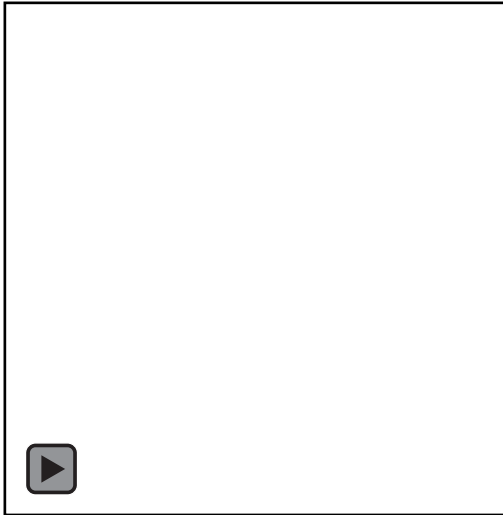
Afterload and Force-velocity Relations



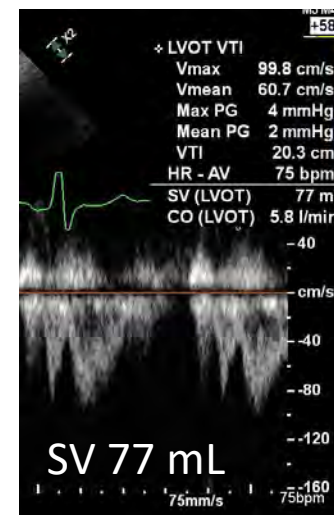
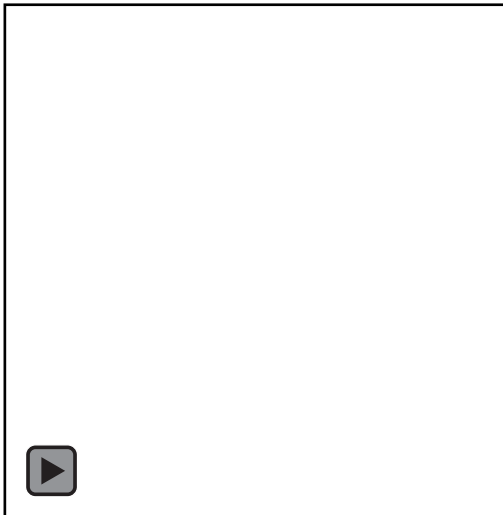
Effect of Beat Frequency



BP 220/114



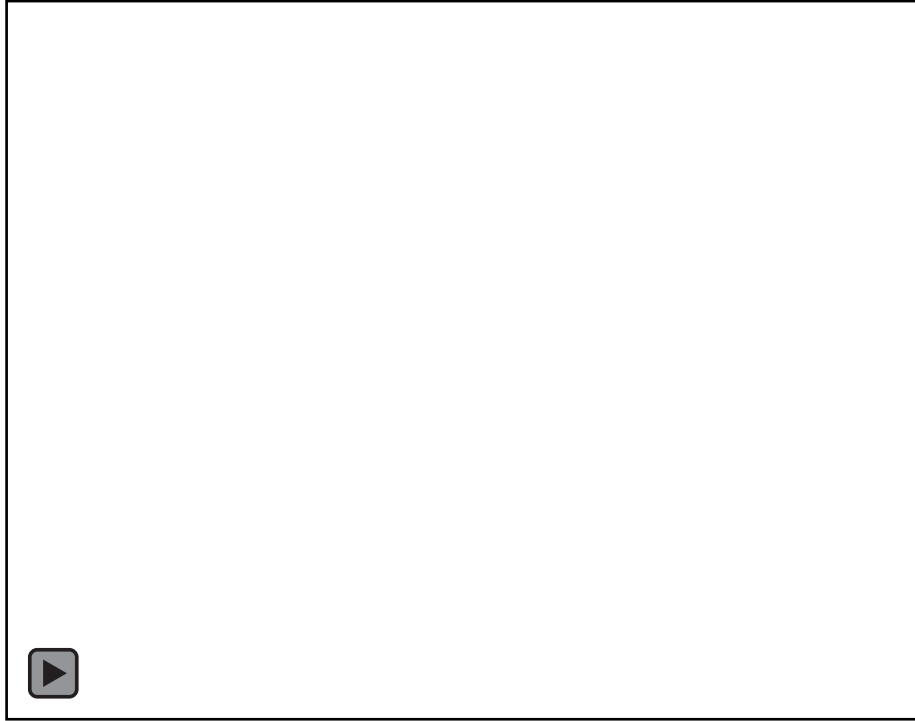
BP 132/84



Effect of Afterload During Stress Echo

Hypertensive Response to Exercise
Systolic BP at Peak 218/74

PSAX

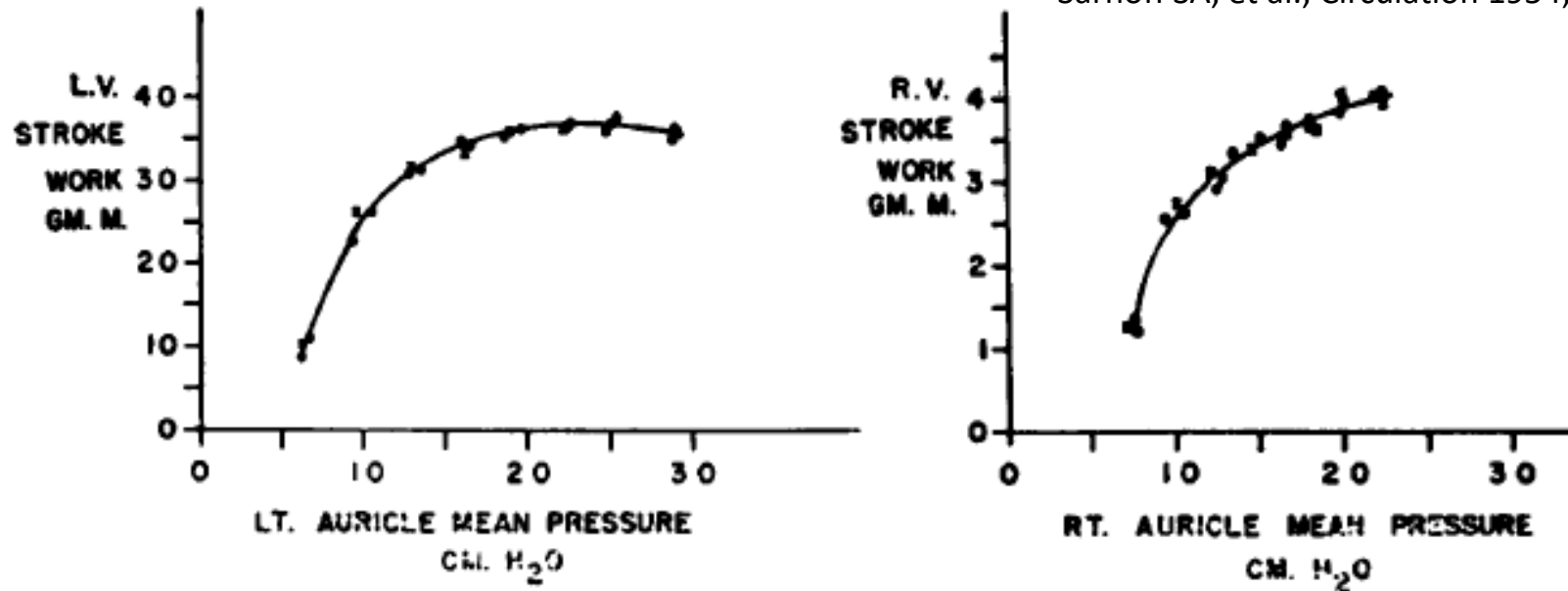


Ap 2 Ch



Frank-Starling Principles

Sarnoff SA, et al., Circulation 1954;9:706



Intravascular volume status

Mitral/tricuspid stenosis

Tamponade physiology

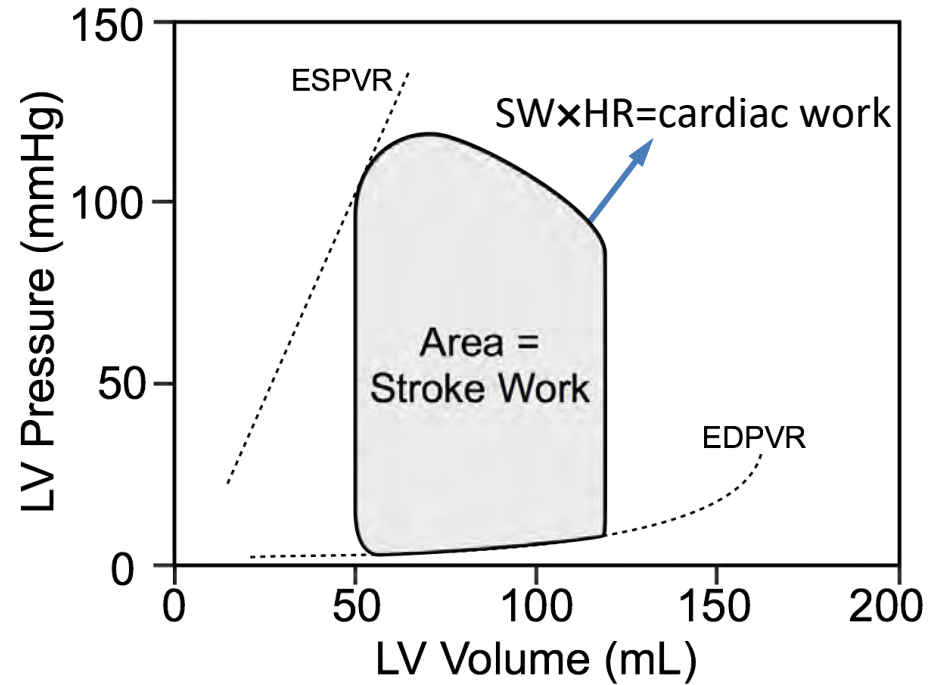
Tachycardia

PEEP

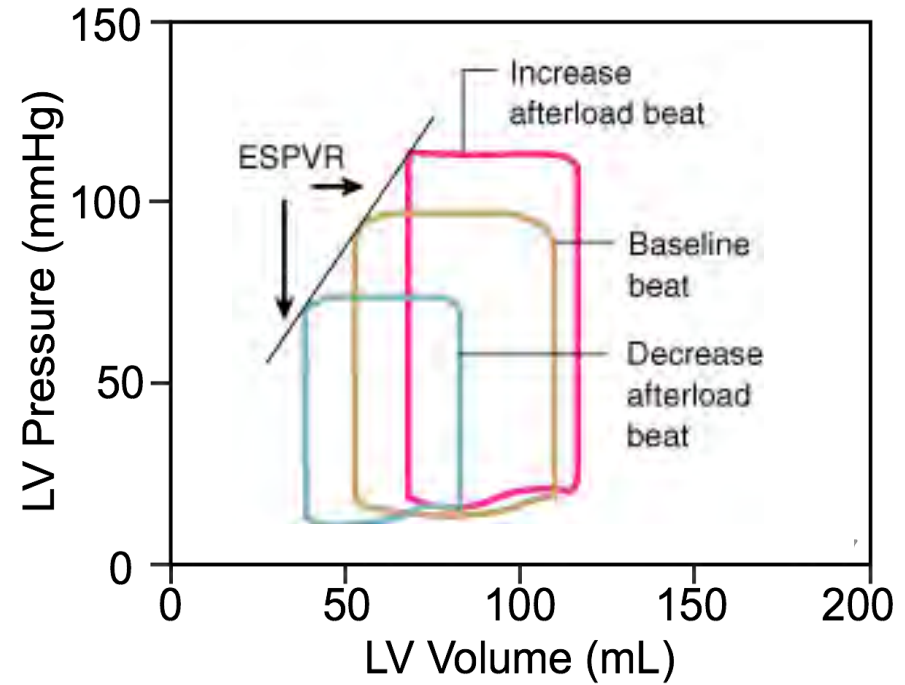
RV infarct/Pulmonary embolus

Contractility and Myocardial Work

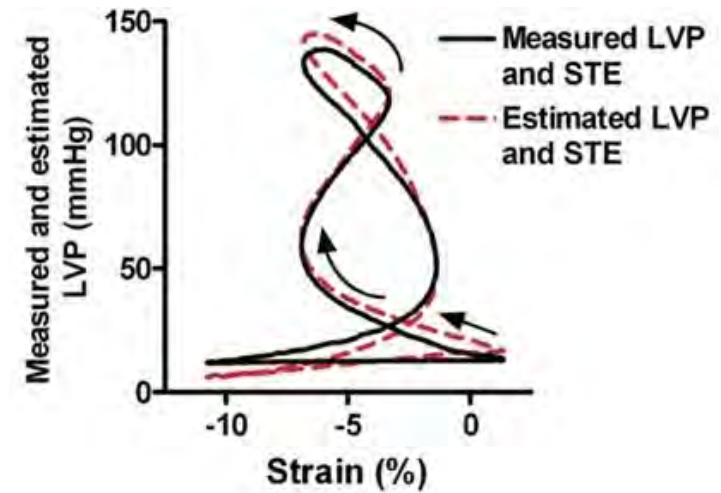
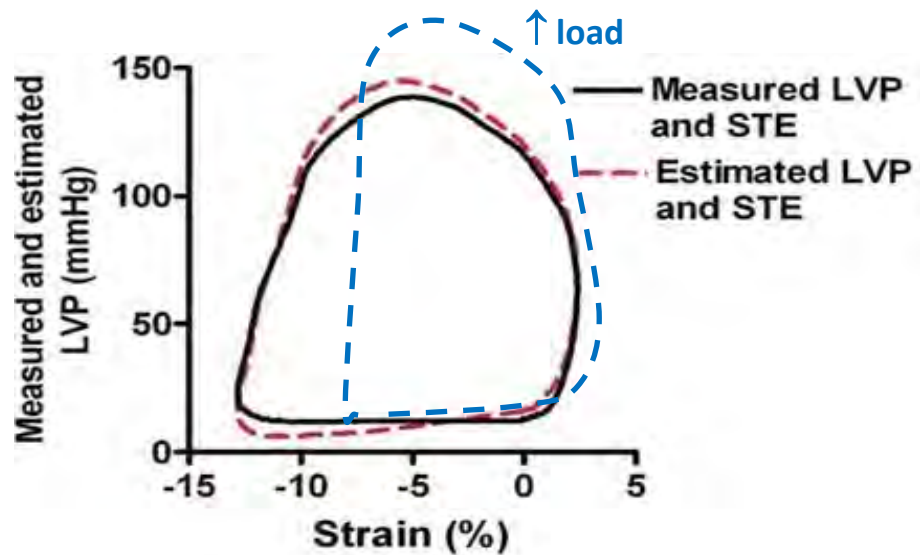
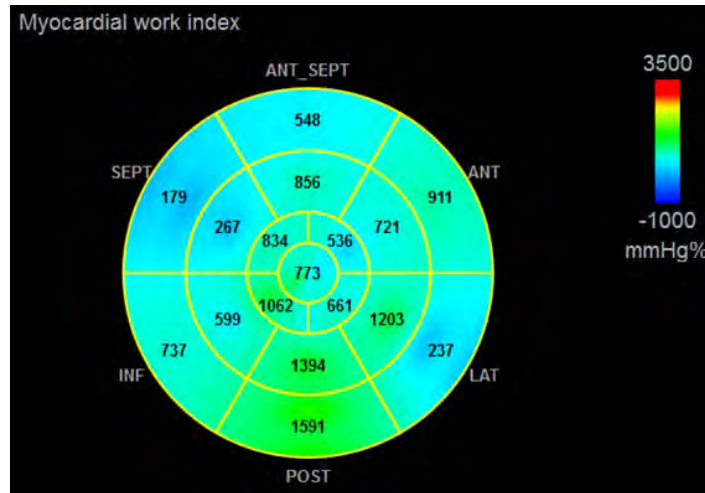
Work



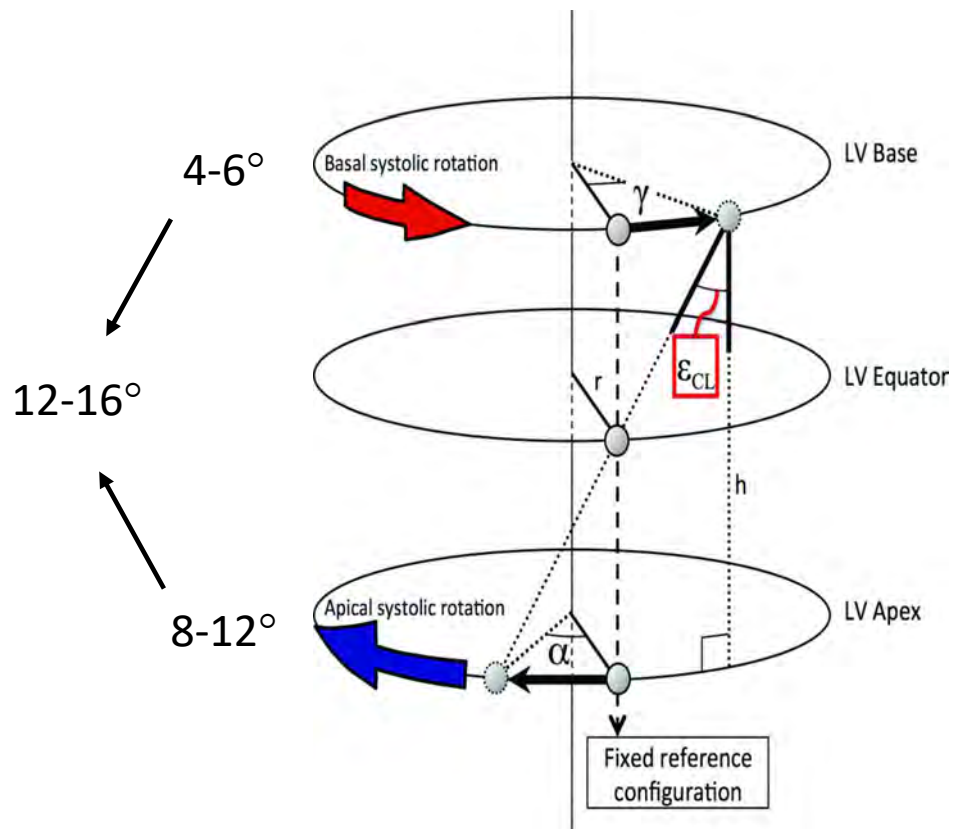
Contractility



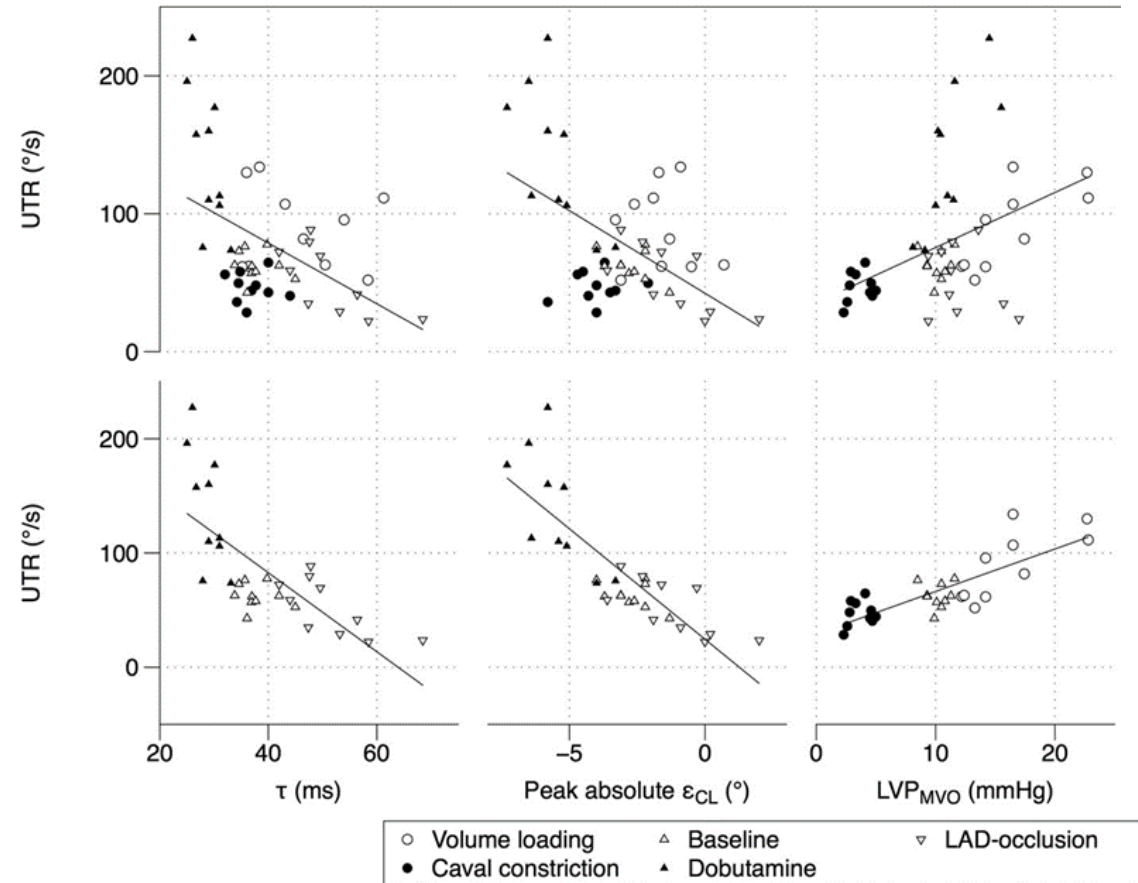
Myocardial "Work"



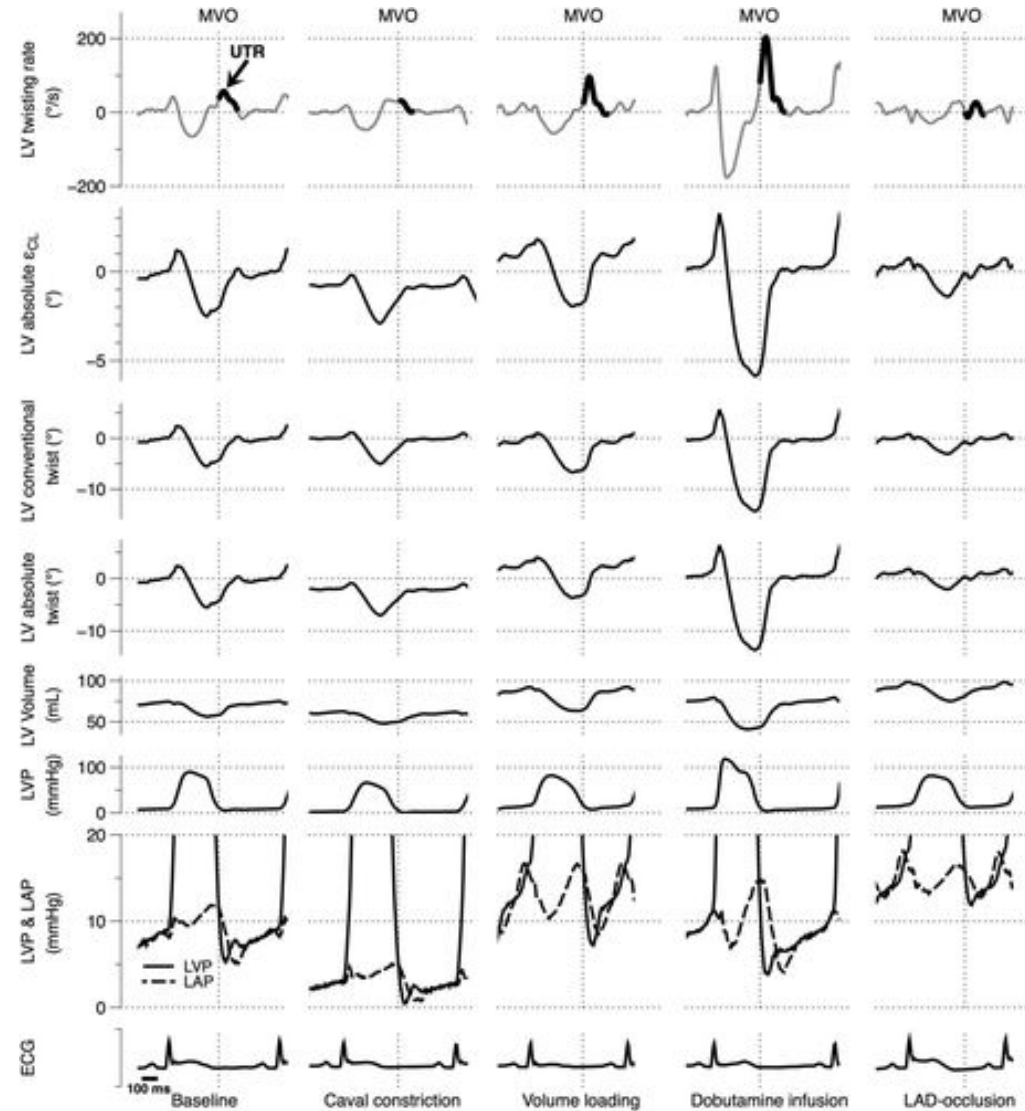
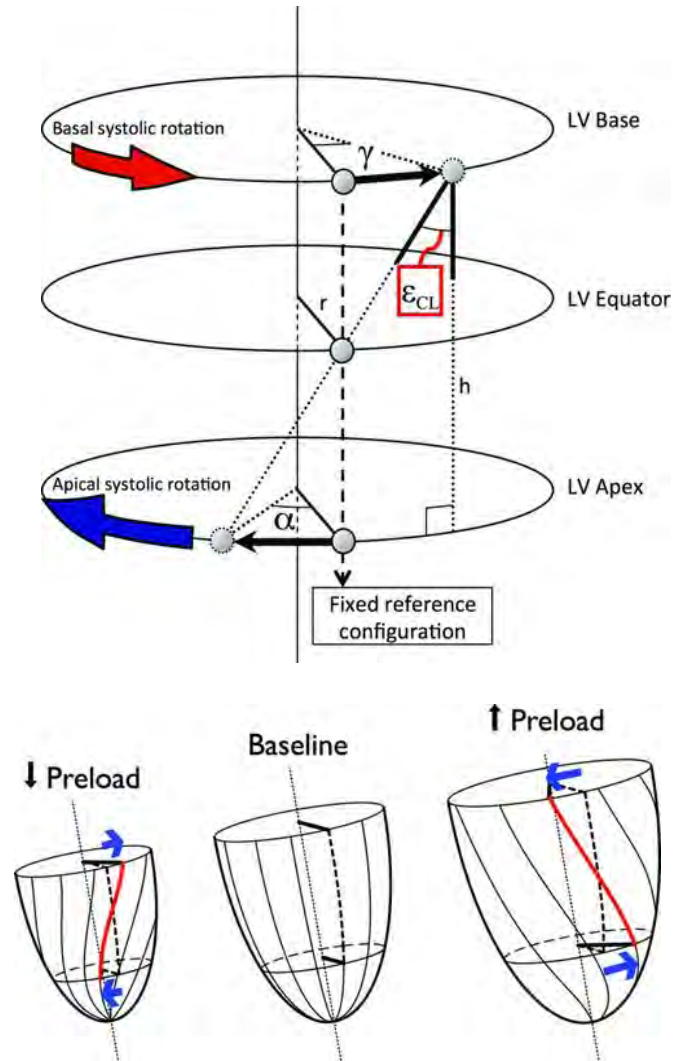
Untwisting and LV suction ($-dp/dt$)



Torsion $1.6-2.4^{\circ}\text{cm}^{-1}$

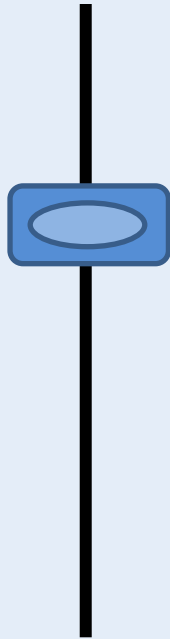


Conditional Determinants of Twist/Untwist



Summary

Expert



Competent

Understands applications *and* limitations of new echo technology and the physiologic influences of function

Knowledge and reporting of new technologies 2D/3D strain, dp/dt

Knowledge, reporting, and problem solving for LVEF, SV, and TDI